5MP IR Dome IP Camera User Manual

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1. Safety Instruction

Thank you for purchasing this 5MP IR D Camera. This user manual includes instructions for using and managing the camera on your network.

1.1 Safety Notices

Before you use this product

This product has been designed with safety in mind. However, the electrical products can cause fires which may lead to serious body injury if it is not used properly. To avoid such accidents, be sure to heed the following.

Legal Caution

Video and audio surveillance can be forbidden by laws that vary from country to country. Check the laws in your local region before using this product for surveillance purposes.

Don't open the housing

Don't try to open the housing or remove the covers which may expose yourself to dangerous voltage or other hazards.

Don't use the accessories not recommend by the manufacturer

Heed the safety precautions

Be sure to follow the general safety precautions and the "Operation Notice."

Operation Notice - Operating or storage location

Avoid operating or storing the camera in the following locations:

• Extremely hot or cold places (Operating temperature: -10 °C to +50 °C [14 °F to

122°F])

- Exposed to direct sunlight for a long time, or close to heating equipment (e.g., near heaters)
- Close to water (e.g. near a bathtub, kitchen sink, laundry tub)
- Close to sources of strong magnetism
- Close to sources of powerful electromagnetic radiation, such as radios or TV transmitters
- Locations subject to strong vibration or shock

In case of a breakdown

In case of system breakdown, discontinue use and contact your authorized dealer.

In case of abnormal operation

- If the unit emits smoke or an unusual smell.
- If water or other foreign objects enter the cabinet.
- If you drop the unit or damage the cabinet:
 - -Disconnect the cable and the connecting cables.
 - -Contact your authorized dealer or the store where you purchased the product.

Transportation

When transporting the camera, repack it as originally packed at the factory or in materials of equal quality.

Ventilation

To prevent heat buildup, do not block air circulation around the device.

Cleaning

• Use a soft, dry cloth to clean the external surfaces of the device. Stubborn stains can be removed using a soft cloth dampened with a small quantity of detergent solution, then wipe dry.

• Do not use volatile solvents such as alcohol, benzene or thinners as they may damage the surface.

1.2 Electromagnetic Compatibility(EMC)

FCC Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. The limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, it not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

CE Mark Warning

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

2. Overview

2.1 5MP IR Dome Camera Features and Specifications

2MP IR Dome Camera Features

- Full HD 1080p
- 1/3" CMOS sensor
- H.265, H.264 and Motion JPEG compression
- 30 fps at 2304 x 1296
- 2.8 mm, F2.0, Fixed lens
- True day & night with automatic removable IR-cut filter
- Smart feature: Corridor Mode, ROI
- IR 25m range
- RTC with built-in battery
- Motion detection
- IP66weatherproof
- Screwless 3-axis angle adjustment for easy instalation on walll or ceiling
- SSL v3 advanced HTTPS encryption
- Full support for Firefox, Safari and Mac OS
- Supports Samba network storage
- Multi-lingual user interface
- ONVIF 2.4 and Profile S compliant
- Free 64-channel NVR software

2MP IR Dome Camera Specifications

Model Name	5MP IR Dome Camera
Max Resolution	2304 x 1296
	H.265
Video Compression	H.264
	MJPEG
Max Frame Rate	30fps @ 2304 x 1296
Max Simultaneous Streams	4
Image Sensor	1/3" CMOS sensor
Lens	2.8mm, F2.0
Horizontal Angle of View	87°
	0.05 lux @ F1.8 (color)
Min Illumination	0.005 lux (B/W)
	0 lux (IR LED on)
Mechanical IR-Cut Filter	Yes
IR LEDs	25m
Camera Angle Adjustment	3-axis bracket

and Pan / Tilt / Zoom	(with cable protection)
Power / PoF	PoE 802.3af
Power 7 Poe	12V DC, 1.5A
Operating Temperature	-10~50 ℃
Weatherproof / Vandal-Proof	IP66 weatherproof
Dimensions (HxWxD)	φ 66 x 166 mm, incl. bracket
ONVIF 2.4 & Profile S	Yes
	TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, RTSP, RTP , RTCP, Bonjour, UPnP,
Supported Protocols	FTP, SMTP, NTP, DHCP, DNS, DynDNS, PPPoE, TCP, UDP,
	ICMP, ARP, SSL
Video Management Software	64-channel NVR software included

2.2 5MP IR Dome Camera Package Contents

You should find the following items in the packaging of your product.

- Network Dome camera
- Quick installation guide
- Screw pack for wall and ceiling mounting
- RJ45 waterproof connector
- Alignment sticker
- Allen Wrench
- Male DC power jack adapter connector

If any items are missing, contact your dealer.

2.3 Minimum System Requirement

Your computer hardware should meet or exceed the following specifications:

Item	Requirements
CPU	Minimum Intel® Cord 2 Duo or higher(Core i3 or above is
	recommended)
Graphic Card	256MB RAM graphic cards(or equivalent on-board graphic cards)
RAM	Minimum 1GB or RAM(2GB or above is recommended)
Operating System	Window 2000, 2003, XP, Vista or Windows 7
	Mac OS Leopard10.5
Web Browser	Internet Explorer 6 or later

Note:

- If using Windows 98 or Windows ME, please install IP Installer before using WEB UI to ensure the system runs normally.
- If not able to view the recorded video file, please install Xvid codec while installing

Intelligent IP Installer. (For Windows 98, ME or 2000 server, the codec might not work properly. Please download Xvid codec 1.0 from the internet.)

• Please keep updating the latest Windows software and service package. (Ex: Net Framework, Windows Media Player, Enhance ActiveX Security)

3. Web Interface Main Menu

The Live View Page



	-	
Toolbar	Function	
	Click this button to take you back to the camera	home page where you
	can live view the vide	
30	Click this button to open the administrator	×
X	menu page, which can set up all the	O Information
	configuration	C Basic Setup
	comguation	C Live View
		Playback
		C Event
		O System
	Click this button to pause or resume from pause	e the live video stream.
e	The function is also available in VLC mode when	you use non-IE browser
0	Clicking this button will stop the video stream a	nd the video display
U	turns black (off). The function is also available ir	n VLC mode when you

	use non IE browser
	use non-IE browser
0	Click on the Record button, if you wish to record the live video to your
•	computer's hard drive. When selected, a prompt will request you to
	specify the folder in which you want to store the video.
	Click OK to begin the recording. The Record button starts flashing,
	indicating that the recording is active. Click it again to stop the
	recording.
	Note: This function is only available in MS Internet Explorer on Windows
	systems.
0	Use this button to take a snapshot of the video. Clicking the button
	opens up a window showing the captured frame. Save the image by
	clicking on the Save Image button.
	The function is also available in VLC mode when you use non-IE browser
0	The digital zoom function allows magnification of certain areas of the
9	video. After you click on the magnification icon, a window appears as an
	overlay on top of the image.
	See below.
	You can drag the box over the
	image, and you can adjust the
	magnification by moving the
	slider toward "T" (tele-zoom) or
	"W" (wide-angle). The more you
	move the slider toward "T," the
	further you zoom in and details
	appear larger. It is normal behavior that the image quality is reduced
	when using the digital zoom function.
	Digital Zoom is only available in MS Internet Explorer Web browsers.
	Note: This function is only available in MS Internet Explorer on Windows
	systems.
	Click this button to view the video in full screen mode. In full screen
	mode, the video is stretched to fit the entire screen and all control
	graphics and window elements are no longer displayed. To return from
	full screen mode, press the ESC key on your keyboard. You can also
	right- or left-click any part of the image with your mouse.
	The function is also available in VLC mode when you use non-IE browser
Live View	Returns the user to the main live video page.

	Click this button and the client setti	ngs dialog will op	en.	
Client Setting	Profile- Select your preferred			
	profile from the drop-down list.	Profile	Profile1	~
	The network camera can store	View Size	Fit Screen	~
	different profiles that provide	Protocol	нттр	~
	different video settings. You can			
	define these profiles in the administ	rator menu, e.g,	one profile is	s for
	low bandwidth environment wherea	s another profile	is for maxim	um
	quality.			
	View Size- There are two choices h	ere. "Fit Screen"	will keep the	video
	small so that it will always fit into th	ne view port of th	e live video p	bage.
	"Full Screen" is actually not full scre	en at all, but it d	lisplays the vi	ideo
	stream at it's original size. So, if y	ou select a profile	e that display	S
	1080p contents and select full scree	n for the view size	e, the video w	/ill be
	rendered at 1920 x 1080 pixels on	your screen.		
	Protocol- Select the transfer protocol	col here.		

4. Information

The camera's administrator menu allows you to configure all aspects of your network camera.

This page provides a complete overview of the status of your network camera.

Information	
Product Informa	provide and the state of the same
Product Name	B6210 2MP Bullet Camera
Firmware Version	03_C002
Firmware Date	Tue Dec 22 07:38:31 CST 2015
Onvit Version	2.40
MAC Address	00:18:FE:05:86:21
Date Time	2015-12-29 14:13:26
Bandwidth Usage	Receiving = 25 kbps transmitting = 6kbps
Security	
Video Connection	0
Account	1
Anonymous View	or Disabled
HTTPS	Disabled
IP Address Filter	Disabled
Video Setting	
Inage	
Mirror/Flip: B	
Image Rotated: Video Clip For	mat: Profilel,
Date of March	
Dwy / Night IR Cut Filter 1	Mode: Ento.
Event List Name No item has be	Enabled Trigger Action * Schedul en contained.
* P-PTE Action, 5-SMTP poll	
Rame No item has be * P=PTT Action, S=3MTP polif	es contained. D1/2-Digital Output 1/2, 1-IH, F-ETP Opload, Cation, B-HTTP notification,
Name No item has be * P=PTE Action. S=SHTP potIf H=Hotwork Sto Network	es contained. D1/2-Digital Output 1/2, 1-IH, F-ETP Upload, Cation, B-HTTP notification,
Rame Ro item has be * P-PTE Action, S-SMTP notifi N-Retwork Sto Network TCP/IP	en contained. D1/2-Digital Output 1/2, 1-IH, F-ETP Upload, Contion, B-HTTP notification, prage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80
Rame No item has be - P-PTE Action, S-SHTP notifi N-Betwork Sto Network TCP/IP 19: PPPoE Dis	es contained. D1/2-Digital Output 1/2, 1-IR, F-FTF Opload, Cation, B-HTTP notification, rage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80 abled
Rome No item has be * P-PTE Action, S-SHTP polif N-Hetwork Sto Network TCP/IP 19: PPPole Dis UPnP En:	es contained. D1/2-Digital Dutput 1/2, 1-IR, F-FTP Opload, Contion, B-HTTP notification, rage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105, HTTP Port:80 abled
Rame Bo Item has be P-PTE Action, S-SHTP potIII H-Batwork Sto Network TCP/IP [19] PPPoE [DIS UPNP [En] Bonjour [En]	es contained. D1/2-Digital Output 1/2, 1-IR, F-FTF Opload, Cation, B-HTTP notification, rage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80 abled
Nome No item has be bo item has be - PoPTE Action, - S-OHTP potifi H-Retwork Sto Network TCP/IP PPPDE UPNP Eni Bonjour Eni RTSP Fort Range: 50	es contained. D1/2-Digital Output 1/2, 1-IB, F-ETP Uplood, Loation, B-HTTP notification, prage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80 abled abled abled abled 00-7999, BTSF Fort: 554,
Name No item has be No item has be Network Sto Network TCP/IP PPDE Dis UPnP Eni Bonjoor Eni RTSP Port Range: 50	es contained. D1/2-Digital Dutput 1/2, 1-IR, F-FTP Opload, Contion, B-HTTP notification, rage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105, HTTP Port:80 abled
Nome No item has be bo item has be - PoPTE Action, - S-OHTP potifi H-Retwork Sto Network TCP/IP PPPDE UPNP Eni Bonjour Eni RTSP Fort Range: 50	es contained. D1/2-Digital Output 1/2, 1-IB, F-ETP Uplood, Loation, B-HTTP notification, prage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80 abled abled abled abled 00-7999, BTSF Fort: 554,
Nome No item has be bo item has be - PoPTE Action, - S-OHTP polif: N-Betwork Sto Network TCP/IP PPDE UPnP En: Bonjour RISP Fort Range: 50 RISP Configura RISP Configura	es contained. D1/2-Digital Output 1/2, 1-IB, F-ETP Uplood, Loation, B-HTTP notification, prage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80 abled abled abled abled 00-7999, BTSF Fort: 554,
Nome No item has be bo item has be - PoPTE Action, - S-OHTP potifi H-Retwork Sto Network TCP/IP PPPDE UPNP Eni Bonjour Eni RTSP Fort Range: 50	es contained. D1/2-Digital Dutput 1/2, 1-IB, F-FTP Uplood, Loation, B-HTTP notification, prage, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80 abled abled abled 00-7999, BTSP Fort: 554,
Rome No item has be * P-PTE Action, S-SHTP potiff N-Botwork TCP/IP 19: PPPoE DIS UPNP Eni Nonjour Eni NCSP Fort Ange: 30 RTSP Configura RTSP Configura	es contained. D1/2-Digital Dutput 1/2, 1-IR, F-FTP Uplood, Loation, B-HTTP notification, renge, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80 abled abled abled 00-7999, RISP Port: 554, Lion: video.prol, Authentication: Disabled. Lion: video.prol, Authentication: Disabled.
Nome No item has be - PoPTE Action, S-SHTP potII H-Retwork Sto Network TCP/IP 19: PPPDE Dis UPNP En: Bonjour En: Bonjour En: RTSP Fort Range: 50 RTSP Configura RTSP	es contained. D1/2-Digital Dutput 1/2, 1-IR, F-FTP Uplood, Loation, B-HTTP notification, renge, SD-SD Card 2.168.1.105 , HTTP Port:80 abled abled abled 00-7999, RISP Port: 554, Lion: video.prol, Authentication: Disabled. Lion: video.prol, Authentication: Disabled.

5. Basic Setup

The basic setup allows you to manage the user accounts of your network camera, define the network parameters, set up the date and time settings and most importantly, the video settings.

Information
Basic Setup
Account
Network
Date Time
Video
Audio
Live View
Playback
C Event
System

5.1 Account

nformation asic Setup	Account		
Account Network Date Time Video Audio Ive View Iayback vent ystem	User Name	Viewer Mode Administrator	http://192.168.1.10/basic_account_settin Account Setting User Name Password Re-type Password Role Viewer Viewer
	Add Ed	tting	Save Cancel

The network camera allows the creation of different user accounts with different levels of access to the camera. There are three main user levels. The Viewer account only allows viewing the live video page of the camera. The Operator account allows viewing the live video as well as changing the image setup settings, such as brightness, contrast, etc. Only the Administrator account has full access to all camera settings, including the Settings menu. You can define up to nine additional user accounts. The user name and password must be between 4 and 16 characters in length. For each account you can also specify different user authority (Viewer, Operator or Administrator).

Account List:

Click the Add button to create a new user account. A popup window will open up. Here you type in a user name and a password for the new account. Also, you must define the role of the new user account. The example shows how we create a guest account that only has viewing rights, but cannot change any settings.

Click Save to create the new user account.

Highlight an account to either edit or remove it.

Note that the admin user account cannot be removed.

Anonymous Settings:

Enabling this will allow any user to view the live video from the camera live video page without entering a user name or password. If you do not want to allow this to happen, be sure to set this option to "Disabled."

ſ	Anonymous Setting		
	Anonymous Viewer	Enabled	•

5.2 Network

On this page you can define the network settings of the camera. By default the camera is set up to automatically obtain the necessary IP information from the DHCP server (e.g., the router) in your network. You can, however, set up the IP address and related settings manually.

5.2.1	TCP/IP	
		_

Information	TCP/IP PPPoE
Basic Setup	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)
Account	MAC Address 00:1B:FE:04:32:4A
Network	Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)
Date Time	O Use the following IP address
Video	Obtain DNS server address automatically
Live View	O Use the following DNS server address
Playback	
Event	Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)
System	IP Address fe80:0000:0000:0000:021b:feff:fe04:324a / 64
	HTTP HTTP Port • 80 (1124 ~ 65534)
	Save Cancel

Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4):

MAC address- MAC address stands for Media Access Control address. This is the unique hardware address of the camera's network interface.

Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)- This is the default setting. In this mode the camera obtains the IP information from the DHCP server in your network. **Use the following IP address-** Activate this option in order to assign a static IP address to the camera. You need to enter a valid IP address, subnet mask and default gateway address in the corresponding fields.

Obtain DNS server address automatically - automatically use the DNS server settings provided by the DHCP server.

Use the following DNS server address- When you disable DHCP, you also need to provide the camera with valid DNS settings. The Primary DNS server must be filled out. It is often the same IP address as the Gateway address.

Internet Protocol Version 6(TCP/IPv6):

IP address- The IPv6 IP address of camera is automatically assigned by

converting the MAC address of the IP camera. User is not able to modify it.

HTTP:

HTTP port number- The default value is 80 and normally there is no need to change it. If you decide to change the http port to a different value; e.g., 1024, you need to do two things:

First, after saving the settings you need to reboot the camera via the System -> Initialize menu.

Secondly, after the reboot is completed you need to connect to the camera using the URL http://camera_ip:portnumber.

5.2.2 PPPoE

Information Basic Setup	PPPoE		
Account	PPPoE On O Off		
Network	Authentication Type	PAP V	
Date Time	IP Address	0.0.0.0	
Video Audio	IPv6 Address	0.0.0.0	
Live View	User ID		
Playback	Password		
Event			
System	Re-type Password		
	Obtain DNS server	address automatically	
	OUse the following (DNS server address	
		Save Cancel	

PPPoE is the most common form of connection for DSL-based Internet service.

You can use this function to connect the camera directly to a DSL modem. A common application for this is where the network camera is installed in a remote location where no network is present. In the location is a DSL Internet connection (DSL modem), but no router or any other network infrastructure. You can connect the camera to the DSL modem and enter your DSL account information in the fields below.

PPPoE:

PPPoE- On

Authentication Type- PAP or CHAP

IP address- Displays the current IP address obtained from the Internet Service Provider (ISP). It displays 0.0.0.0 if the camera is not connected to the Internet via PPPoE.

User ID- Enter the user ID for your DSL service here. The user ID has been given to you by your ISP.

Password- The password for the DSL account goes here. Re-type the password in the field below.

DNS Server- Typically, your ISP will send DNS Server information to the camera when it connects. Some ISPs, however, require entering specific DNS servers manually. In that case you can activate the option "Use the following DNS server address" and enter the primary and secondary DNS servers in the fields below (not shown on the screen shot).

5.3 Date Time

×	Date Time
formation	Date lime
asic Setup	Current Date/Time
Account	Current Date/Time 2015-01-15 16:59:38
letwork	PC Clock 2015-01-15 16:59:38
late Time lideo	Date/Time Format
ludio ve View	Synchronization Method
ayback	O Keep Current Setting
vent	O Synchronize with client PC
stem	O Manual Setting
	Synchronize with NTP
	• Use the following NTP server address
	server 1 pool.ntp.org Test
	server 2 1.pool.ntp.org Test
	server 3 2.pool.ntp.org
	server 4 3.pool.ntp.org Test
	Time Zone
	Time Zone
	(GMT+08:00)Taipei
	Daylight Saving Time O on O off

On this page you can define the time settings of the camera.

Current Date/Time:

Current Date/Time- Displays the camera's current time.

PC Clock- This is the date and time of the computer you are currently using to connect to the camera.

Date/Time Format- The format determines how the date/time is displayed on the live video.

Synchronization Method:

Keep current setting- You don't want to change the date and time.

Synchronize with client PC- It means to adjust the camera time to your PC.

Be aware of the fact that this option sets the time only one time. From that point forward, the camera time will start to differ from your PC time as time progresses, and occasional

re-synchronization will be necessary. **Manual Setting-** Lets you manually enter the time and date. As with the previous option, the camera's time will become inaccurate as time passes and you will need to re-synchronize the time periodically.

Synchronize with NTP- This option is the recommended setting. In this mode, the camera will synchronize its time settings based on the interval setting (ranging from once per hour to once per day). The camera obtains the time from the NTP server. You

can use the default value unless your camera is not connected to the Internet, or if a

firewall in your network blocks the outgoing NTP request of the camera. Select "Manual" and you can enter a different NTP server; e.g., a server in your local network.

Time zone:

Time zone- Select the correct time zone for your location.

Daylight Saving Time- You can define the range of Daylight Saving Time by activating this option. The camera will adjust the time (move the clock forward or backward by one hour) depending on the programmed start and end time. If your camera is not equipped with this feature, you can adjust the time zone manually for Daylight Saving Time.

5.4 Video

The following three menus: Video Setting, Profile and Day/Night, allowing defining all video-related parameters. Note that the Day/Night option as well as other parameters may not be available on all models.

Information	Video Setting Profile / Day / Night
Basic Setup	Rotated
Account	Mirror/Flip None T
Network	
Date Time	Image Rotated 0 •
Video	Imag
Audio	Image Video Clip Format Profile1
Live View	
Playback	Snapshot Format Profile1 V
© Event	
System	Overlay
	Overlay Time Stamp
	Text Color White 🔻
	Background Color Black •
	Display Position Top Bottom
	Privacy Mask
	Name Status
	No item has been contained.
	•
	Add Edit Remove
	Save Cancel

5.4.1 Video Setting

Rotated:

Mirror/Flip- Allows to mirror and flip the image.

Image Rotated- Allows 90/180/270 rotating the image.

Image:

Video Clip Format- Select which video profile the camera should be using for video

clips it records in such as the network storage device, or SD card.

Snapshot Format- Select the video profile used for snapshots (e.g., for JPG upload to a FTP server).

Overlay:

Overlay- Define what kind of an overlay you want for the live video.

Text Color- Choose between black or white.

Background Color- Select from either black, white or transparent.

Display Position- Define where the overlay should appear on the live image.

Privacy Mask:

Privacy masking is the ability of the camera to back out (censor) certain parts of the live video. Example: The camera is installed in your company; for example, overlooking the warehouse. In one corner of the warehouse is the break room, where the employees go for their lunch breaks. In many countries it is not permitted to monitor the workers during their break. To

comply with laws and regulations, you can define a privacy mask in the break area to ensure that this area is not being monitored or recorded by the camera.

Click "Add" to create a new privacy mask. As you can create multiple masks, you need to provide a name for the mask, and you can define which color you want to overlay to be. Finally, set the status to "Enabled" and click "Save" to create and activate the privacy mask



5.4.2 Profile

* ×	Video Setting Profile Day / Night	Mttp://192.168.1.10/basic_video_profile_pop.htm?
2 Information Stasic Setup Account Network Date Time Video Audio Audio Deve View Playback Devet Disystem	Steam Profile Near Description Profile: profile 12 101 Add Edt Remove	Profile Description Profile Tessription Video Setting Encoding Profile
		Audio Setting Audio Stream On V Current Audio Setting Audio Mode B Upplex Audio Enput 0db / g.711_U-law Audio Cutput 6db

The network camera allows the creation of video streaming profiles. For each profile you can

define the video resolution, the viewing area and the video codec that is to be used. Click "Add" to create a new profile, "Remove" to delete a profile or "Edit" to modify an existing profile.

Video Setting:

Encoding- Your network camera can encode video in two different formats. H.264 is the most advanced and efficient codec delivering excellent image quality and a small

video stream size at the same time. Normally, this is your preferred choice. However, you can also select MJPEG, e.g., for compatibility reasons.

Profile- Encoding application offers you three choices- High, Main and Baseline profiles.

incoding	H264 🗸	Limitations of resolution set
rofile	Main 🗸	1920×1080: 2set
Resolution	1920×1080	1280x720: 2set 640x480: 4set
laximum frame rate	1280x720 640x480	640x360: 4set 320x240: 4set
Quality	640x360 320x240	Only Profile 1 and Profile 3 can support 1080P and 720P
	OFixed Quality Detailed 🗸	
	MaxBitRateFormat 4M 🗸	
	● Fixed Bitrate 4M ∨	

Resolution- Here you define the video resolution for the profile. Which choices you have depend on your camera model. Some HD models offer image resolutions of up to 1920 x 1080 pixels whereas standard definition cameras are limited to 640 x 480 pixels.

Maximum frame rate- Type in the number of frames the camera should generate per second of video. The higher the value, the smoother the video, but the more bandwidth is going to be required. Valid entries are 1 to 30.

Quality- You can control the image quality of the video by selecting "Fixed Quality" (or refers to VBR) and defining the image quality by selecting one of the following values "Medium," "Standard," "Good," "Detailed" and "Excellent." Or you can choose to specify the bit rate (fixed bitrate or CBR) of the video the camera must not exceed. In this mode the camera varies

the image quality automatically to not exceed the specified maximum. With setting fixed quality plus maximum bitrates, the camera would try to meet the quality requirement without exceed the certain bitrates.

5.4.3 Day/Night

Information Basic Setup Account	Video Setting Profile Day / Night Day / Night IR Cut Filter Mode Auto
Network Date Time Video CLive View Playback Event System	IR Cut Filter Switch Delay 5 Sec
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Some network cameras are equipped with active IR LEDs providing the ability to capture video in complete darkness. Note, that if your camera is not equipped with IR LEDs, this menu will not be available. Also note that some menu items will vary depending on your camera model.

Infrared cut-off filters are designed to reflect or block mid-infrared wavelengths while passing visible light. They are often used in network video cameras to block IR due to the high sensitivity of many camera sensors to near-infrared light. With the filter in place before the image sensor, the camera will not be able to pick up IR light, but it generates true color video. Once the IR cut filter is removed, the camera becomes IR light sensitive and will generate a black and white image – and it does that even in complete darkness if the IR LEDs are active. **Day/Night:**

IR Cut Filter Mode-

Auto-- The camera decides when to remove the IR cut filter based on the IR Cut Filter Threshold you can specify. The switch delay ensures that the camera only





switches the IR Cut Filter after the specified amount of time has passed.

Night Mode-- This is the opposite of the day mode. If this mode is enabled, the camera always removes the IR cut filter. As a result, the camera will always be IR sensitive, regardless of the actual light levels, and the image will be rendered in B/W mode. Using night mode in day light conditions is not recommended as it

leads to a poor image quality with false and washed out colors.

Day Mode-- In this mode the camera does not remove the IR Cut Filter from the image sensor regardless of any other settings. So only visible light will pass through and the image will be in color mode

Schedule-- Select this option, if you wish to control exactly when you want the camera to engage the night mode. You can use the internal scheduler to define a time pattern for each day of the week, e.g., no night mode on the weekends, but night mode from MON to FRI from 21.00 hours to 06.00 hours. The scheduler is explained in detail later on.

IR Cut Filter Switch Delay- For user to define the time duration (how many seconds) between IR being turned on or off from the current status.

6. Live View

The Live View menu provides access to the video settings, which are exactly the same as described in the last section 5.4 & 5.5. It also provides access to advanced image settings and allows configuring the view areas that we discussed in the previous section. Note that depending on your camera model, the options on the screen may differ from the screen shots in this user manual.



Basic Setup
 Live View
 Video
 Audio
 Camera Setting
 PTZ Setting
 Playback
 Event
 System

6.1 Video

The same as described in the last section 5.4.

6.2 Camera Setting

6.2.1 Image Settings

aformation	Image Settings ROI
asic Setup	Image Enhancement
ve View	Show Video Video
/ideo	Brightness 50 Saturation 50
Camera Setting	
layback vent	Contrast 60 Sharpness 50
ystem	Default
	White Balance
	Color Tone Cool Warm 0
	Auto White Balance Auto V
	Exposure Setting
	Exposure Frequency Auto
	Automatic Exposure 25
	Exposure Time 1/10000 Sec. (Min.) ~ 1/12 Sec. (Max.)
	Gain 1 ♥ X (Min.) ~ 32 ♥ X (Max.)
	Low Light Behavior O On O Off
	Backlight Compensation Off 🗸
	Default
	Wide Dynamic Range
	Mode Off V
	Noise Reduction
	2D Denoise Auto Y
	3D Denoise Auto
	Save Cancel

Image Enhancement:

The image enhancement controls consist of standard video settings, which you know from a great variety of products. Click on "Video" to see the camera live video while you adjust the settings to your liking.

White Balance:

Color Tone- Choose between "Cool" and "Warm". Normally you want to set this to real as it provides the best representation of natural colors.

Auto White Balance- This parameter controls how the camera interprets colors. You

can choose from the following values: "Auto," "Hold Current", "Fluorescent," "Incandescent," "Sunny," "Cloudy", "Sun Shade" and "Manual" You should select the value that best represents the environment the camera is installed in. You can also leave the default value "Auto," as it typically delivers very good results.

Exposure Setting:

Exposure Frequency- There are four values: "Auto," "50Hz," "60Hz" and "Hold Current." If your camera is installed so that it's facing outside, you should select "Auto." If your camera is installed indoors, you must select the appropriate light frequency (either 50 or 60 Hz; e.g., in the US select 60 Hz, in Germany, Poland or Italy select 50 Hz). The hold current option fixes the current exposure settings.

Automatic Exposure- You can manually set the exposure value, which ranges from 0-100 (dark to bright). The default value is 25 and typically provides good results. **Exposure Time-** You can define the minimum and maximum exposure time of the camera's shutter here. We recommend using the smallest exposure time (e.g., 1/10000 sec) for the min value as it ensures the camera will generate crisp images during day time conditions in which even moving objects appear sharp and in focus. As for the max value, the bigger the value, the longer the camera keeps the shutter open in low light conditions allowing more light to fall onto the image sensor. As a result, the camera can capture images even in very dark environments. The downside is that moving objects will appear blurred as the move while the camera's shutter is open.

Gain- The camera is equipped with an electronic gain mechanism which helps capture image in dark conditions. The higher the gain, the brighter the image, but the downside is that the image contains more noise.

Low Light Behavior- When enabled, this opens allows additional control over the camera when it is running in night mode.

Backlight Compensation (BLC)- In images where a bright light source is behind the subject of interest, the subject would normally appear in silhouette. BLC allows the camera to adjust the exposure of the entire image to properly expose the subject in the foreground. The resulting image may appear overexposed in the background; however, the object of interest is now properly lit.

White Dynamic Range:

WDR stands for Wide Dynamic Range and allows the network camera to capture video in areas with high contrasting objects; e.g., extremely bright and extremely dark. Activate WDR by setting it to "Auto" and then adjust the level that controls the amount of WDR enhancement.

Noise Reduction:

Your camera features a noise reduction algorithm, which helps reduce the graining in the video, which occurs under low light conditions. Set this parameter to "Night Mode" to

only activate noise reduction when the camera is operating in night mode. You can also select "Schedule", "On" (activates noise reduction permanently) or "Off" (deactivated noise reduction permanently).

3D Denoise:

Improves video noise reduction to deliver sharper, more accurate images.

6.2.2 ROI

Information Basic Setup Live View Video Audio Camera Setting Playback Event System	Image Settings ROI	
	Name No item has been contained. Add Remove	Display All Range Profile Profile Name Note: ROI support codec: H264.
:		Save Cancel

ROI :

ROI is an application for strengthening the image clarity in key regions of a scene. Please refer to the picture below. The framed regions are clearer than the other region. First, please fill in a name and click add, and then you'll see a rectangle frame on the live-view screen. Select a region which you want the view to be clearer, and then click save. If you want to see the regions you have set, please click Display All Range.

Note: For each profile, the ROI sets are limited to 3, and ROI only support codec H.264.

7. Playback

The network camera offers an integrated playback feature, from a network storage server or the optional SD storage card.



7.1 Network Storage

In the event settings (see section 8) you can define a local network storage drive (NAS) as a location for the camera to save videos. The video player allows locating recordings quickly and conveniently on the network storage drive and play back the files right in your web browser.

Conformation	Network Storage Recording List Please add network storage server first
Playback Network Storage Local Storage	
Event	
System	

There are two folders: "Event" which is for event-triggered recordings, e.g., motion detection alerts, and "Schedule" which contains recordings that the camera recorded if scheduled recording is enabled.

ording List		
Camera001BFE041FF1/		
Folder	File Name	Size
Event/		
Schedule/		

Refer to the section 8 "Event" for more details on the setup.

IPC amera001BFE041FF1/		
50		
Folder	File Name	Size
/		
20130314/		
20130315/		
20130321/		

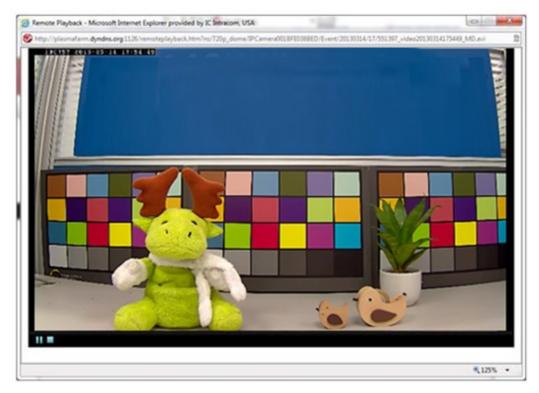
Above: Each day has its own folder.

IPC smers001 BFE041 FF1/		
-/		
13/		
14/		
16/		
17/		2
18/		
19/		
22/		

Above: Each hour of the day has its own folder.

IPC amera001 BFE041	FF1/	
Folder	File Name	Size
/		
	551397_video20130314175349_MD.avi	5.01MB
	551397_video20130314175449_MD.avi	5.01MB

Above: Individual videos can be played back by selecting them and clicking the play button.



Above: Playback of one event recording in the web browser (MSIE only).

Item	Description
5	Move one folder up
65	Refresh the view
	Delete the selected file
Ø	Select all items in the folder
	Playback the selected video
¥	Download selected item to your computer's hard drive.

8. Event

Your network camera supports so-called events. When an event occurs, you can have the camera perform an action, e.g., record a video to a remote location. This section describes how to set up event servers, events, motion detection and the scheduler.



8.1 Event Server

First you need to set up an event server, or multiple event servers.

A X	Event Server SD Card	Shttp://192168110/ - Server Configuration - Internet Explorer
Basic Setup	Event Server	General
Live View	Name Protocol	Name
Playback	So item has been contained.	Conception of the second se
Event		Server Setting
Event Server		Server type FIP SMTP
Notion Detection		Network Address HTTP
Tampering		Server Port 21
Detection		Upload Path
System	Add Edit Remove	User Name
of second	*Network storage server can only be	
		Re-type Password
		Passive Mode O On ® Off
		Test
		Media Setting
		Available memory buffer 50700 / 51200 KB
		Attached Type Snapshot V
		Send 0 Pre-event Image [0~7]
		Send O Post-event Image [0~7]
		Image File Name
		Suffix O None @ Date Time

Click "Add" to create a new event server.

Add a FTP Server

General:

Name- Provide a name for the server.

Server Setting:

Server Type- Select "FTP"

Network Address- Type in the address of

your FTP server.

Server Setting	
Server type	FTP
Network Address	FTP SMTP
Server Port	HTTP Network Storage
Upload Path	
User Name	
Password	
Re-type Password	
Passive Mode	🔘 On 🖲 Off
	Test

Server Port- Leave at 21, unless your FTP server uses a different port.

Upload path-upload path

User Name and password- Provide valid login credentials for the FTP server.

Re-type Password-type password again

Passive Mode- Select "On" if your FTP server utilizes passive FTP, which is the most common method.

Test- Press on Test button to make sure the FTP server information is all correct.

Add a SMTP Server

Server Setting:

Server Type- Select "SMTP."

Mail Server- Type in the address of your mail server.

Server Port- Adjust the server port if necessary. Port 25 is standard, but your server may be using different values (not so uncommon these days as an anti-spam measure).

Authentication- If your mail server requires authentication

Server Setting	
Server type	SMTP -
Mail Server	
Server Port	25 (1~65535) 🔳 SSL
Authentication	🖲 On 📽 Off
Send mail from	
Send test mail to	
	Test

in order to send email, and most servers do these days, set authentication to "On" and define the type of authentication below.

User Name and password- Provide valid login credentials for the email server.

Send mail from- The camera will use this address as its own email address. This email address does not necessarily need to be a valid address.

Send test email to- Enter the email address to which you want the camera to send the images and click on Test. If the test succeeds you can provide the information for the

media settings and click "Save". The actual target email address is defined when you set up an event in the next section.

Add a HTTP Server:

A HTTP server can be used by the camera to trigger a script on a remote server if an event occurs. User name, password and proxy fields are all

Server Setting

Server type

Server Setting	
Server type	НТТР ▼
URL	http://
Port	80
User ID	
Password	
Re-type Password	
Proxy Address	
Proxy Port	

Network Storage 🔻

Test

Adding a Network

optional.

Туре	Windows Network (SMB/CIFS) 🔻
Network Storage Location	
(for example: \\my_nas\folder) Workgroup	
User Name	
Password	
Re-type Password	
Create Folder	

Storage:

Server Type- Select "Network Storage."

Type- Select a valid type for your network storage (either Windows SMB or Linux NFS).

Network Storage Location- Enter the address of your local storage server as shown on the right.

User Name and password- Provide valid login credentials for the network storage server.

Create Folder- Type in a folder name in which you want the camera to store files. This field is optional.

Test- Press on Test button to make sure the NAS information is all correct.

Media Settings:

Here you define what kind of media you wish to upload (snapshot, video), how many images pre and post event you wish to upload, the image file name and the suffix.

ttached Type Video	~	
re-event Recording 0	seconds [0~7]	
ost-event Recording 1	seconds [1~7]	
nage File Name		
uffix O None O Date Time		

8.2 Event List

Now that we have created an Event Server, we can proceed with setting up actual events.

8.2.1 Event List

		Sevent Configuration - Internet Explorer
 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event Event Server Motion Detection Tagenering Detection Schedule System 	Event List Event List Name Enabled Trigger No item has been contained. Add Edit Remove * D1/2=Digital Output 1/2, F=FTP Uplos S=SNTP notification, H=NTP notifies N=Network Storage, SD=SD Card	
		O Schedule Working_Day ∨ Please Configure <u>Schedule</u> Save Cancel

Click on the "Add" button to begin.

Trigger:

You need to specify the trigger type. The drop-down list below shows the available options. Note that depending on your camera model, the options will vary.

Triggered by Motion Dete	ction
Triggered by Motion Deter Tampering D Set min time i Digital Input Detection Area	Detection .0 Sec
Detection Area	
Detection Type Start V	
Please Configure Motion Detect	tion

Motion Detection- The camera monitors the video image for movements and triggers an alert when it detects motion. Motion detection needs to be configured first for that to work.

Trigger

Tampering Detection- The camera can detect if it's being tampered with, e.g., if someone covers the lens, and triggers an alert when this happens. Tampering detection needs to be configured for that to work.

Digital Input- If your camera is equipped with digital inputs (see hardware installation guide), then you can use them as a trigger mechanism. A common example would be to use 3rd party motion detection sensors that trigger the camera to start a recording.

Periodical- This trigger type can be used if you want the camera to perform the same action over and over again, based on a time period. A typical application would be to have the camera refresh an image on your web site every 60 seconds.

Action:

After you have selected the tripper type, you now have to define the action(s). In other words, what do you want the camera to do if the event occurs?

Send Image			
Event Server			
Name	Туре	Media	
Please Configu	re Event Server	or SD Card	
Send Notificatio	n		
Please Configu	re HTTP Server		
Activate Digital	Output		
Digital Outp	ut1		
Digital Outp	ut2		
PTZ Action			
● Go to prese	position	None 🗸	
Return t	o last position a	after event.	
O Run Guard	Four No	one 🗸	
Please Configu	DTZ		

Send Image- Instructs the camera to send out images. When selected, you need to specify whether you want to use FTP, network storage or SD card. You may need to set up these servers first (see previous section) in order to use them here.

Send Notification- This action type uses the HTTP event server. You can use this to have the camera trigger a script on a server.

Activate Digital Output- If your camera is equipped with digital outputs, then you can use them to perform an action. You can specific how long you want the camera to trigger the event once you have selected Digital 1.

PTZ Action- This action type will make the camera to move to/point at a certain preset position or start run a certain predefined tour when the event occurs.

Schedule:

Here you can define when you want this action to be active. You can choose between "Always" or a schedule that you have defined (see "Schedule" a few pages down).

Schedule							
Always							
◎ Schedule \	Vorking_Day 💌						
Please Configure	Schedule						

8.2.2 Scheduled Recording

Information	Event List Scheduled Recording	
Basic Setup	Scheduled Recording	
Live View	Name Enabled Trigger	Action Schedule
Playback	No item has been contained.	(@ http://192168.1.10/ - Scheduled Configuration - I
Event Server		G mp// 1/2 100.110/ - Scheddled Comgaration - 1
Event List		General
Motion Detection		Name
Tampering Detection		Scheduled On O Off
Schedule		The second of the second
System	Add Edit Remove	Action
	-	File Size 10 (1~50 MB)
		Event Server
		Please Configure Network Storage or Local Storage
		Network storage server can only be added once.
		Schedule
		Always
		Oschedule Working_Day ~
		Please Configure Schedule
		Save Cancel

Schedule Recording:

This feature is allowing the camera to record the video by following a certain schedule such as always record or record the video during the weekend.

Action:

Define each recorded video file size to save.

You can choose to store the video to NAS or SD card, which need to be pre-configured in event server.

8.3 Motion Detection



The network camera is able to monitor the video footage for movements and trigger an alert if motion has been detected. This motion detection does not utilize passive infrared, but instead it relies on a frame by frame comparison of the video footage the camera captures. You can define more than one motion detection area. The example above shows that so-called hotspot has been created for the area of the window. When you set up an event for motion detection, you can select which motion detection area you wish to monitor. Threshold and sensitivity will need to be set up so that you don't miss important events and are not flooded by false alarms either. Finding the right values will require some trial and error. There are no standard values that simply "will work" as it depends very much on the actual location and light levels. Generally speaking, increasing the sensitivity while lowering the threshold will generate more false alarms but it ensures that you will not miss an important event. Doing the opposite will of course have the opposite effect: Fewer false alarms at an increased risk or missing an important event.

8.4 Tampering Detection

A X	Tampering Detection
Basic Setup	Tampering Detection
live View	Tampering Detection
Playback	Trigger Duration 10 Sec (5 ~ 900)
Event	
Event Server	
Event List	Save Cancel
Motion Detection	
Tampering Detection	
Schedule	
System	

If the image of the camera is obstructed, e.g., because someone covers up the lens or moves the image out of focus, the camera notices this and generates a trigger alert. You can define how long you want the alert state to remain active after the event has occurred.

8.5 Schedule

★ ×	Schedule	
Information Basic Setup Live View	Schedule List Name	
Playback Event Event Server Event List	Working_Day Weekend Night_Mode	
Motion Detection Tampering Detection Schedule	http://192168110/event_schedulePop.htm?add - Internet Explorer General Name	
	Start Time 00 V : 00 V - End Time 24 V : 00 V	
	Mon (Empty) Add Remove 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Tue (Empty) Add Remove 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Tue (Empty) Add Remove 1	11 12 13 14 1
	<	>

The Network Camera supports event trigger actions that can be based on a schedule. This can be used, as an example, to only activate motion detection between 9 pm and 6 am during business days and around the clock on the weekends. You can set up individual schedules for each event type, so that motion detection is activated between 7 pm and 7 am, but tampering detection is only activated between 10 pm and 4 am.

Depending on your camera model, the screen layout will vary slightly.

There are three default schedules which you cannot delete, but you can modify them.

You can create a new schedule by clicking "Add."

Starl	Time 00 🔻	: 00 🔻 - E	nd Time 24	▼ :	• 00													
Mon	08:00-17:	Add	Remove	0 	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	1
Tue	08:00-17:	Add	Remove	0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	1:
Wed	08:00-17:	▼ Add	Remove	0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	1.
Thu	08:00-17:	Add	Remove	0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	1
Fri	08:00-17:	▼ Add	Remove	0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	1.
Sat	(Empty)	Add	Remove	0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	1
Sun	(Empty)	▼ Add	Remove	0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	1.
🔳 Us	e the same tim	e schedule e	verv dav.															

Net	19			
	rkin eken	ig_Da id	Y	
Ni	ght_	Mode		

First you need to provide a name for the schedule (not shown on image). Then select a start and end time and click on "Add" for the day of the week the schedule is supposed to be active. As soon as you add a schedule, the timeline turns red, indicating the active schedule. If the schedule is the same for every day of the week, you can activate the option "Use the same time schedule every day."

9. <u>System</u>

The system menu provides access to a variety of system settings of your network camera.

O Information Basic Setup **○**Live View Playback C Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O PoE LED System Log

9.1 Maintenance

* *		
Information	Maintenance	
	Restart	
Basic Setup		
Live View	Restart Restart this network camera now	
Playback	Auto Restart O On ® Off	
Event	1	
System	Backup / Restore	
Maintenance	Default Restore all setting except:	
Date Time		
Security	TCP/IP Date Time	
Network Basic	Backup Backup the configuration of this network camera	
Network Advanced	10/84	
Digital I/O	Restore (#.).	
LED	Restore configuration to this network camera from chosen file:	
System Log		
	Firmware Upgrade	
	Firmware Upgrade 演覽	
	Upgrade firmware to this network camera from chosen file:	
	Language Linload 深覚	
	Upload 测觉	
	Upload language pack to this network camera from chosen file:	
	Save Cancel	
	USTRE SUILE	

Restart:

You can restart the network camera by hitting the restart button. Set Auto Restart to "On" if you wish to reboot the camera automatically, and then you specify the reboot mode. Select "Sequential mode" and specify after how many days of uptime you want the camera to reboot. Select "Schedule Mode" to control when the reboot is to occur in a much more detailed way.

Restart
Restart
Restart Restart this network camera now
Auto Restart 🕘 On 💮 Off
Sequential mode
Every 1 Day
Schedule Mode

Backup/Restore:

Default- Click this button to restore he factory default settings in this camera. You can choose to exclude the IP and date & time settings.

Backup- This function allows saving the current configuration of the camera to a file on your computer's hard drive. Saving the configuration is useful in case you ever want to reload a specific configuration; e.g., in order to set up another camera of the same model and firmware version with the exact same configuration. Since the IP address

configuration is also part of the setting date, you must be careful not to restore the same settings to two or more cameras when all of them are connected to the same network. Otherwise, you would be creating an IP conflict in your network.

Restore- With this function, you can reload a previously saved configuration back into your camera. Click Browse to locate the configuration file and OK to begin the process. The camera will perform a reboot at the end of the procedure and the new settings will become effective.

Firmware Upgrade:

From time to time, there will be a new firmware version available for your camera. New firmware versions can enhance the functionality of the camera, or they can fix problems. Before you begin, make sure that you have obtained a proper firmware from the web site. If you are not 100% sure about this, do not proceed. Instead, contact the technical support team to verify the firmware version. Also, do not perform the upgrade from a computer that is connected to the network wirelessly, as the connection is inherently less stable than a cable-based connection. If you have the correct firmware file, make sure that you un-compress the ZIP file first (if the firmware file is an archive) and you end up with a file that has an extension *.bin. Click on Browse and select the *bin file. Click on OK to begin the upgrade process.

Language:

You can replace the language in the user interface of your network camera. On the Installation CD are different language files starting with "LNG_" and ending with ".lang." Click on Browse, select the language you wish to install and then click on OK to begin the process.

9.2 Date Time

Refer to section 5.3

9.3 Security 9.3.1 Account Refer to 5.1

9.3.2 IP Address Filter

	Account IP Address Filter HTTPS
Information	
Basic Setup	General Setting
CLive View	IP Address Filter Disabled V
O Playback	
© Event	IP Address Filter
System	Filter Type Allow V
Maintenance	
Date Time	IP Address Range No item has been contained.
Security	NO ILEM HAS DEEN CONCAINED.
Network Basic	
Network Advanced	
Digital I/O	
LED	
System Log	
	Add Edit Remove
	Save Cancel
	·

Once you enabled it, the listed IP address are allowed or denied access to the network camera. Add the IP address that you'd like to allow or deny, select allow or deny from the list and save it.

9.3.3 HTTPS

	Account IP Address Filter HTTPS
Information Basic Setup Live View Playback	Create / Install Create self-signed certificate
Event System Maintenance Date Time Security	Installed Certificate Subject Name No Certificate Installed. Properties Remove
Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log	HTTPS Connection Policy Administrator HTTP Operator HTTP Viewer HTTP Set Policy

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) is a cryptographic protocol that provides security for communications over networks such as the Internet.

HTTPS is a URI scheme used to indicate a secure HTTP connection (SSL encrypted). It is syntactically similar to the http:// scheme that is normally used for accessing resources using HTTP. The differences are that SSL-encrypted connections always begin with https:// instead of http://. HTTPS connections use TCP port 443 by default, compared to standard HTTP connections, which use port 80.

Create & Install:

Create a self-signed certificate for HTTPS to recognize.

Installed Certificate:

Display or remove the properties of the installed certificate.

HTTPS Connection Policy:

Set HTTPS connection policy for different level of users.

To use the HTTPS encryption, please set up "Create self-signed certificate" for the first time you use the HTTPS function, and then set up the connection policy for different users. Note: When enable HTTPS with RTSP on mode, the IP Camera only protect the setting such as username and password and do not protect video and audio. When enable HTTPS with RTSP off mode, the IP Camera will protect all setting including video and audio.

9.4 Network Basic

9.4.1 TCP/IPRefer to section 5.2.19.4.2 PPPoERefer to section 5.2.2

9.5 Network Advanced

9.5.1 RTSP

 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event 	RTSP UPnP Bonjour DDNS General
 Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic 	RTSP Configuration Profile Name Profile1 V Profile Video.pro1 Authentication Disabled V
Network Advanced Digital I/O LED	Save Cancel
System Log	

General:

RTP Port Range- The default value of port range is 5000 ~ 7999 and can be changed from 1124 to 65534.

RTSP Port- RTSP stands for Real Time Streaming Protocol. RTSP is supported by most media clients, such as Real Player, VLC and QuickTime. If you only plan to view the camera video with your Web browser or with one of the provided software utilities, you do not need to activate this option. The default value is 554 and can be changed from 1124 to 65534.

RTSP Configuration:

This option allows you to set up the URL for each profile and define whether or not you want to enable or disable authentication. By default, the video URL and profile number are related, e.g., profilex = video.prox, but you change it any way you like. Based on the default URLs, access to the RTSP streams would be done like this:

rtsp://camera_address:554/video.pro1

rtsp://camera_address:554/video.pro2

rtsp://camera_address:554/video.pro3

rtsp://camera_address:554/video.pro4

If authentication is enabled, the URLs will change as follows:

rtsp://username:password@camera_address:554/video.pro1

[...]

rtsp://username:password@camera_address:554/video.pro4

9.5.2 UPnP

Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log RTSP UPnP Bonjour DDNS Image: Cancel Note: Security Network Advanced Digital I/O LED

UPnP stands for Universal Plug and Play. A UPnP-enabled device, such as your network camera, announces its presence in the local network to other computers that support UPnP as well. The operating systems Windows XP, Windows Vista and Windows 7/8 support UPnP. When the network camera is connected to the network, Windows will alert the computer user of the presence of the new device (a new icon will be added to your My Network Places folder) and lets the user connect to the device instantaneously.

Furthermore, UPnP has the ability to instruct the router or firewall to open certain ports, so that a party from the outside world can contact a device on the local network, such as the network camera.

UPnP port forwarding is not supported by all routers, however. So, depending on your router or firewall, you may or may not be able use this function, also, opening ports in any router or firewall increases the risk of an intruder successfully breaking in to your network. UPnP automates this task and leaves it to the devices to negotiate which ports to open. Since this is done without any form of authentication, enabling UPnP port forwarding in your router is not necessarily a good idea in a security-sensitive environment. You can always open individual ports in your router or firewall manually.

In the camera UPnP is enabled by default. UPnP port forwarding is disabled by default. When you enable UPnP port forwarding, the screen will reveal additional options. These are the ports the camera will instruct the router to open. Depending on the camera model, you may see different ports. The new H.264 Megapixel cameras have a simpler port model and require fewer ports than the other models. Normally there is no need to change any of these ports, unless you know that a port is already in use by a different device or application.

9.5.3 Bonjour

 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log 	RTSP UPnP Bonjour DDNS Bonjour On O Off Device Name

UPnP Bonjour is a service that, just like UPnP, helps to find the network camera on the network. Bonjour is available for Windows, but is more commonly used for MacOS..

Bonjour:

Bonjour On- Enables the service (on by default).

Bonjour Off- Disables the service

Device name- Enter the name of your camera here. This is the name the Bonjour service will display. If you have more than one camera installed in your network, this is an easy way to differentiate among the cameras.

9.5.4 DDNS

	RTSP UPnP Bonjour DDNS
Information	
Basic Setup	DDNS
Live View	DDNS On O Off
Playback	Server Name
Event	
System	User ID
Maintenance	Password
Date Time	Re-type Password
Security	Host Name
Network Basic	Periodical Update O Auto
Network Advanced	
Digital I/O	O Periodical 5 🗸 min
LED	
System Log	Save Cancel

If you are not planning on connecting to the network camera over a remote connection, but only in your local network, you can skip this section. Dynamic DNS is a network service that provides the capability for a networked device, such as a router or computer system, to notify a domain name server to change, in real time (ad-hoc) the active DNS configuration of its configured host names, addresses or other information stored in DNS.

In simpler terms: Users of private Internet services are often faced with a problem: The ISP typically changes the IP address assigned to the user based on a time interval. This may be as often as once every 24 hours or as seldom as once every 30 days. For the average user this is not a problem. However, if you want to be able to connect to the local camera (e.g., in your house) from a remote location (e.g., the office), you need to know under which Internet address the camera can be reached. However, you don't know what the current Internet IP address is. So you are beginning to see the problem.

DDNS solves this problem by allowing you to create a domain name for your home network, which you can always use to access the camera. To use the DDNS function, you will need to do the following two things.

First, create a DDNS hostname with a DDNS service provider

Secondly, set up a DDNS client in the home network that contacts the DDNS service provider and updates the IP information.

If the router in your home network is equipped with a DDNS client, we recommend using the router instead of the camera. Most SOHO routers are equipped with a DDNS client and since the router is in direct control of handling the Internet connection, it's the device best suited for the DDNS task.

Server Name- Select the DDNS provider of your choice. In our example we use no-ip.com.

User ID- Enter the same user name here that you use to log in to your account settings on www.dyndns.org. Do not enter your DSL user account information here.

Password- Enter the password for your no-ip.com user account here. Re-type the password in the field below.

Host name- You need to enter the full host name that you have created in your no-ip.com account here.

Periodic Update- You can either specify the time in minutes after which the camera will update its IP information with the DDNS provider, or you can leave the setting as "Auto", which is recommended.

Click "Save" to activate the settings. Reboot the camera to activate the DDNS settings. After a reboot you may need to wait for a few minutes before you can access the camera with the new domain name.

9.6 System Log

* ×	System Log	
Information	system Log	_
Basic Setup	System Log	
Live View	Enable Remote Log	
Playback		
Event	Server Name	
System	Server Port	
Maintenance	Save Cancel Clear	
Date Time		
Security	Current Log	
Network Basic		
Network Advanced	Feb 16 08:11:21 P6210-001BFE052753 syslog.info syslogd started: BusyBox	_
Digital I/O	v1.20.2	~
LED	Feb 16 08:11:21 P6210-001BFE052753 daemon.err inetd[1140]: /etc/inetd.conf: No such file or directory	
System Log	Feb 16 08:11:23 P6210-001BFE052753 user.err PTZMANAGER: main: Unable to	
20. The sector 20	open /proc/pwm Feb 16 08:11:40 P6210-001BFE052753 daemon.info init: starting pid 1600,	
	tty '': '/sbin/getty -L ttyS000 115200 vt100 -n root -I "Auto login as	
	Feb 16 08:11:40 P6210-001BFE052753 auth.info login[1600]: root login	
	on 'ttyS000' Feb 16 08:11:58 P6210-001BFE052753 user.info STREAMD:	
	rtsp://192.168.1.10:554/video.prol connect	
	Feb 16 08:12:04 P6210-001BFE052753 user.info STREAMD: rtsp://192.168.1.10:554/video.prol disconnect	*

The Network Camera features a log function for system messages. These are system messages about the camera start-up procedure, e-mail deliveries, FTP uploads, motion detection and more. The camera stores the messages in its internal memory and displays them on the system log screen. Since memory is limited, the messages will eventually be truncated. If you need to log all the system messages on a remote server (e.g., for permanent record keeping of alarm events or for troubleshooting purposes), you can utilize the remote log functionality.

Enable Remote Log:

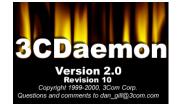
Server Name- Type in the network address of the system log server. Enter the address without any leading characters, such as http://.

Server Port- The standard port for this protocol is 514. If your system log server is set up differently, you can change the value here.

Current Log:

This text box displays the real-time log of the camera messages. The remote log function uses the System Log Protocol, which is a standard for forwarding log messages in an IP network. System Log is a client/server protocol. The System Log sender (the Network Camera) sends a small (less than 1KB) textual message to the System Log server. This user manual shows one example of a System Log server, the 3CDaemon utility by 3Com

Corporation (Download Location:



http://support.3com.com/software/utilities_for_windows_32_bit.htm).

After the installation of 3CDaemon, the main program window opens and the program is ready to receive System Log messages from the network camera.

The messages shown here are the same messages that are displayed in the Web browser.

3CDaemon				
ile ⊻iew <u>H</u> elp				
TFTP Server	Time	IP Address	Msg Type	Message
FTP Server	Sep 19 09:50:32	192.168.0.115	user.info	RTSP: h264 over HTTP from 192.168.0.101
FIF Selvel	Sep 19 09:50:19			FTP: FTP Send Success
Syslog Server	Sep 19 09:50:19	192.168.0.115	user.info	FTP: Send file to ftp://*, Surf /*: > //cameraimages/alarm20090919095017_AD.j
	Sep 19 09:50:16	192.168.0.115	user.info	FTP: FTP Send Success
	Sep 19 09:50:16	192.168.0.115	user.info	FTP: Send file to ftp:///? X.MA X.A. FOR ameraimages/alarm20090919095014_AD.
	Sep 19 09:50:15	192.168.0.115	user.info	FTP: FTP Send Success
Configure Syslog Server	Sep 19 09:50:14	192.168.0.115	user.info	FTP: Send file to ftp://
	Sep 19 09:49:38	192.168.0.115	user.info	RTSP: h264 over HTTP from 192.168.0.101
	Sep 19 09:49:16	192.168.0.115	user.info	SSMTP: SMTP Sending Success
STOP	Sep 19 09:49:12	192.168.0.115	user.info	SSMTP: Send SMTP to: View A to A t
	Sep 19 09:49:11	192.168.0.115	user.info	WDT: watchdog start
	Sep 19 09:49:09	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Secondary DNS = 0.0.0.0
	Sep 19 09:49:09	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Primary DNS = 192.168.0.1
	Sep 19 09:49:09	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Gateway = 192.168.0.1
e 📈	Sep 19 09:49:08			NET: Subnet Mask = 255.255.255.0
1	Sep 19 09:49:08	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Host IP = 192.168.0.115
Clear list	Sep 19 09:48:28	192.168.0.115	syslog.info	SYS: log started
	Sep 19 09:48:22	local	user.info	Listening for Syslog messages on IP address: 192.168.0.101
-				
TFTP Client	<		1	
Help, press F1				NUM