5MP Panoramic Fisheye IP Camera User Manual

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1. Safety Instruction

Thank you for purchasing this Network Camera. This user manual includes instructions for using and managing the camera on your network. Updated versions of this document will be posted to our company website as they become available. The latest version of this user manual can also be found on the Installation CD accompanying this product, along with user manuals in other languages.

1.1 Safety Notices

Before you use this product

This product has been designed with safety in mind. However, the electrical products can cause fires which may lead to serious body injury if it is not used properly. To avoid such accidents, be sure to heed the following.

Legal Caution

Video and audio surveillance can be forbidden by laws that vary from country to country. Check the laws in your local region before using this product for surveillance purposes.

Don't open the housing

Don't try to open the housing or remove the covers which may expose yourself to dangerous voltage or other hazards.

Don't use the accessories not recommend by the manufacturer

Heed the safety precautions

Be sure to follow the general safety precautions and the "Operation Notice."

Operation Notice - Operating or storage location

Avoid operating or storing the camera in the following locations:

- Extremely hot or cold places (Operating temperature: -10 °C to + 50 °C [14 °F to 122°F])
- Exposed to direct sunlight for a long time, or close to heating equipment (e.g., near heaters)
- Close to water (e.g. near a bathtub, kitchen sink, laundry tub)
- Close to sources of strong magnetism
- Close to sources of powerful electromagnetic radiation, such as radios or TV

transmitters

• Locations subject to strong vibration or shock

In case of a breakdown

In case of system breakdown, discontinue use and contact your authorized dealer.

In case of abnormal operation

- If the unit emits smoke or an unusual smell.
- If water or other foreign objects enter the cabinet.

• If you drop the unit or damage the cabinet:

-Disconnect the cable and the connecting cables.

-Contact your authorized dealer or the store where you purchased the product.

Transportation

When transporting the camera, repack it as originally packed at the factory or in materials of equal quality.

Ventilation

To prevent heat buildup, do not block air circulation around the device.

Cleaning

• Use a soft, dry cloth to clean the external surfaces of the device. Stubborn stains can be removed using a soft cloth dampened with a small quantity of detergent solution, then wipe dry.

• Do not use volatile solvents such as alcohol, benzene or thinners as they may damage the surface.

1.2 Electromagnetic Compatibility(EMC)

FCC Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. The limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, it not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

CE Mark Warning

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

2. Overview



2.1 5 MP Panoramic IP Camera Features and Specifications

Features

- 6 MP progressive scan CMOS sensor
- H.265, H.264 and Motion JPEG compression
- 30 fps at 2560x1920
- Wide dynamic range 100dB
- Day & night functionality with automatic removable IR-cut filter
- 1.49mm, F2.0 fisheye lens
- Built-in MicroSD/SDHC card slot
- Power over Ethernet (IEEE 802.3af/ at)
- 1 x alarm input, 1 x alarm output
- Two-way audio, line in and line out
- SSL v3 advanced HTTPS encryption
- Supports Samba network storage
- Multi-lingual user interface
- ONVIF 2.4 and Profile S compliant

Specifications

Model Name	5 MP Panoramic Fisheye IP Camera
Max Resolution	2560 x 1920 (5MP)
	Н.265
Video Compression	H.264
	MJPEG
Max Frame Rate	30fps @ 2560x1920
Max Simultaneous Streams	10

Image Sensor	1/1.8" CMOS sensor	
Lens	1.49mm, F2.0	
Horizontal Angle of View	360° / 180°	
Min Illumination	0.05 lux @ F2.0 (color)	
	0.001 lux @ F2.0 (B/W)	
Mechanical IR-Cut Filter Yes		
Audio Support	Тwo-way	
Audio Support	Line in & out	
Audio Compression	G.711 µ law, a law, AMR, G.726	
Alarm Input / Output	1/1	
Local Storage	MicroSD/ SDHC	
Power / PoE	PoE 802.3af/ at (Class 0)	
Fower / FOL	12V DC, 1A	
Operating Temperature	-10 ~ 50 ℃ (14 ~ 122 °F)	
Dimensions (HxWxD)	φ115 x 70mm (3.9" x 2.7")	
ONVIF 2.4 & Profile S	Yes	
	TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, RTSP, RTP , RTCP, Bonjour, UPnP,	
Supported Protocols	FTP, SMTP, NTP, DHCP, DNS, DynDNS, PPPoE, TCP, UDP,	
	ICMP, ARP, SSL	

2.2 5 MP Panoramic Fisheye IP Camera Package Contents

You should find the following items in the packaging of your product.

- Panoramic Fisheye IP camera
- Quick installation guide
- Installation CD
 - -Installation tool
 - -User manual
 - -Language packs
- 6 pin cable for DI/DO and audio
- •Screw pack for wall and ceiling mounting
- Alignment sticker
- L-type Hex Key Wrench
- 2 pin I/O terminal block
- •Plastic plate for wall and ceiling mounting

2.3 Minimum System Requirement

-	
Item	Requirements
CPU	Intel Core i5 CPU @ 2.0GHz (or equivalent AMD)
Graphic Card	512MB RAM graphic cards(or equivalent on-board graphic cards)
RAM	2GB RAM
Operating System	Windows 7 or later
	Mac OS Leopard 10.5 or later
Web Browser	Internet Explorer 8 or later

Your computer hardware should meet or exceed the following specifications:

Note:

• If not able to view the recorded video file, please install Xvid codec while installing Intelligent IP Installer.

• Please keep updating the latest Windows software and service package. (Ex: Net Framework, Windows Media Player, Enhance ActiveX Security)

3. Web Interface Main Menu

The Live View Page



Toolbar and Funtions

Toolbar	Function			
	Click this button to take you back to the camera home page where you			
	can live view the vide			
30	Click this button to open the administrator			
	menu page, which can set up all the	Information		
		Basic Setup		
	configuration	O Live View		
		Playback		
		O Event		
		System		
\bigcirc	Click this button to pause or resume from pause	the live video stream.		
e	The function is also available in VLC mode when you use non-IE browser			
0	Clicking this button will stop the video stream a	nd the video display		
0	turns black (off). The function is also available ir	n VLC mode when you		

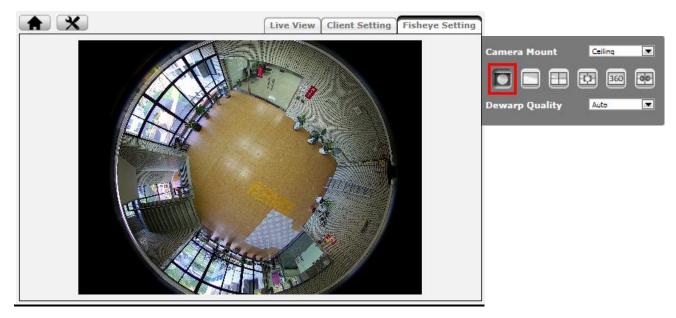
	use non-IE browser		
	Click on the Record button, if you wish to record the live video to your		
0	computer's hard drive. When selected, a prompt will request you to		
	specify the folder in which you want to store the video.		
	Click OK to begin the recording. The Record button starts flashing,		
	indicating that the recording is active. Click it again to stop the		
	recording.		
	Note: This function is only available in MS Internet Explorer on Windows		
	systems.		
	When the environment temperature drops very quickly, it may cause		
2	water vapor to condense on the front glass, affecting the camera		
	image.		
	You can click on glass demister which turns on the fan & heater (or		
	LED board) inside the camera for 5 minutes to demist the front glass.		
O	Use this button to take a snapshot of the video. Clicking the button		
	opens up a window showing the captured frame. Save the image by		
	clicking on the Save Image button.		
	The function is also available in VLC mode when you use non-IE browser		
O	The digital zoom function allows magnification of certain areas of the		
	video. After you click on the magnification icon, a window appears as an		
	overlay on top of the image.		
	See below.		
	You can drag the box over the		
	image, and you can adjust the Free 64CH NVR Software -		
	magnification by moving the		
	slider toward "T" (tele-zoom)		
	or "W" (wide-angle). The more		
	you move the slider toward		
	"T," the further you zoom in		
	and details appear larger. It is normal behavior that the image quality is		
	reduced when using the digital zoom function.		
	Digital Zoom is only available in MS Internet Explorer Web browsers.		
	Note: This function is only available in MS Internet Explorer on Windows		
	systems.		
	Click this button to view the video in full screen mode. In full screen		
	mode, the video is stretched to fit the entire screen and all control		
	graphics and window elements are no longer displayed. To return from		
	full screen mode, press the ESC key on your keyboard. You can also		

		:+	
	right- or left-click any part of the ima		
	The function is also available in VLC m		se non-IE browser
Live View	Returns the user to the main live vid	eo page.	
	Click this button and the client settin	ngs dialog will op	en.
Client Setting	Profile- Select your preferred		
	profile from the drop-down list.	Profile	Profile1 🗸
	The network camera can store	View Size	Fit Screen 🗸
	different profiles that provide	Protocol	нттр 🗸
	different video settings. You can		
	define these profiles in the administr	rator menu, e.g,	one profile is for
	low bandwidth environment whereas	another profile	is for maximum
	quality.		
	View Size- There are two choices he	ere. "Fit Screen" v	will keep the video
	small so that it will always fit into the	e view port of th	e live video page.
	"Full Screen" is actually not full scree	en at all, but it d	isplays the video
	stream at it's original size. So, if you	select a profile th	nat displays 1080p
	contents and select full screen for th	e view size, the	video will be
	rendered at 1920 x 1080 pixels on γ	our screen.	
	Protocol- Select the transfer protoc	ol here.	
Fisheye Setting	Click this button and the Fisheye Set	ting dialog will c	open.
	Camera Mount- Select camera	Camera Mount	Ceiling Floor Wall
	mounting type from the drop list		
	(Ceiling / Floor / Wall).	Dewarp Quality	Auto 🗸
	Display Mode – The below display r	modes for fishey	e camera are
	provides:		
	10: One original fisheye view		
	1R: One regional view		
	4R: Four regional views		
	104R: One original and four regiona	l views.	
	2P: Two panoramic views		
	4R Pro: Four regional views		
	Dewarp Quality- The below dewarp	o quality are prov	vided:
	Auto, Lower, Low, Basic, Good, Best.		

Display Mode

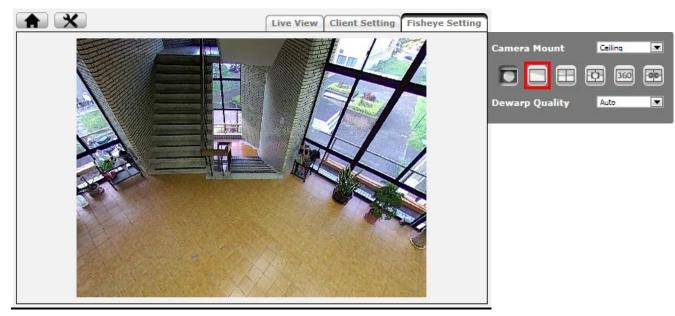
10 (Original) Display mode:

This is an overview for taking a whole scene of surveillance area with a ceiling mount panoramic camera.



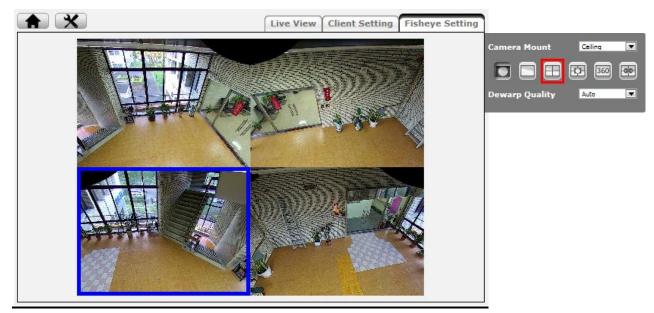
1R (Single Regional) Display mode:

The 1R mode provides access to one image section within the hemisphere. You can zoom in or out (using the mouse wheel) or travel to other areas in the hemisphere using mouse clicks and swipes. A single click on a particular object can bring the object to the center of your view window. Click and hold down the left mouse button, and you can swipe the view both horizontally and vertically.



4R (Four Regional) Display mode:

The 4R mode provides access to multiple live view sections within the hemisphere and the reference to their relative positions on an Original circular view. You can zoom in or out or travel to other areas within the hemisphere using identical methods as previously described in the 1R mode.



104R (One Original & Four Regional) Display mode:

The 1O4R mode provides access to multiple live view sections within the hemisphere and the reference to their relative positions on an Original circular. You can see 4 color spots on an Original circle view interact with your current operation as you may zoom in/out or move the live view window to a different place. You can also change the locations of Regional views by dragging the FOV indicators on the "Original" circular view.



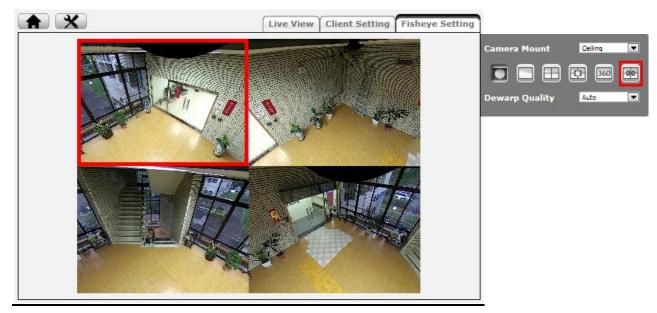
2P (Dual Panoramic View) Display mode:

2P display mode provides simultaneous access to both the left and right sections of a hemisphere. Both panoramic views are corrected into a more viewable dewarped image. Viewers can use a mouse click and swipe to quickly scroll horizontally through the surveillance area.



4R PRO (Four Regional Proactive) Display mode:

The 4R PRO mode is similar to the 4R mode except that the quad view windows consecutively rotate in correspondence to the change of view area in one window. Note that zoom in/out and tilt control is not available in this mode.



4. Setting Information

The camera's administrator menu allows you to configure all aspects of your network camera. This page provides a complete overview of the status of your network camera.

- Product Information -	
Product Name	2Megapixel D/N Outdoor Dome, PoE, w/ audio, DIDO(2,
Firmware Version	M2.1.5.21
Firmware Date	Fri Nov 21 14:24:01 CST 2014
Onvif Version	2.30
MAC Address	Error
Date Time	2015-01-15 16:44:40
Bandwidth Usage	Receiving = 52 kbps transmitting = 13kbps
Fan State	OFF
Heating State	OFF
Temperature	26°C / 78°F
PoE	Adapter
	And a second sec
Security	
Video Connection	0
Account	2
Anonymous Viewer	Disabled
HTTPS	Disabled
IP Address Filter	Disabled
Image	
Mirror/Flip: None, Image Rotated: None, Video Clip Format: N	
Image Rotated: None, Video Clip Format: N	
Image Rotated: None,	Profilel,
Image Rotated: None, Video Clip Format: 1 Day / Night IR Cut Filter Mode: IR Cut Filter Switch IR Cut Filter Threal	Profilel, Auto, h Delay:10s,
Image Rotated: None, Video Clip Format: 1 Day / Night IR Cut Filter Mode:1 IR Cut Filter Switci IR Cut Filter Thresh IR Mode:Ruto, IR Level (Spot):91,	Profilel, Auto, h Delay:10s,
Image Rotated: None, Video Clip Format: 1 Day / Night IR Cut Filter Mode:1 IR Cut Filter Switcl IR Cut Filter Thresh IR Mode:Auto,	Profilel, Auto, h Delay:10s,
Image Rotated: None, Video Clip Format: 1 Day / Night IR Cut Filter Mode: IR Cut Filter Switci IR Cut Filter Thres! IR Mode:Auto, IR Level (Spot):91, IR Level (Wide):45	Profilel, Auto, h Delay:10s,
Image Rotated: None Video Clip Format: 1 Day / Night IR Cut Filter Mode: IR Cut Filter Switci IR Cut Filter Threal IR Mode:Auto, IR Level (Spot):91, IR Level (Wide):45	Profilel, Auto, h Delay:10s,

5. Setting Basic Setup

The basic setup allows you to manage the user accounts of your network camera, define the network parameters, set up the date and time settings and most importantly, the video settings.



5.1 Account

Information Basic Setup	Account List		
Account	User Name	Viewer Mode	
Network Date Time	edmin	Administrator	Http://192.168.1.10/basic_account_settin
Video			Account Setting
Audio			User Name
ive View layback			Password
vent			Re-type Password
ystem			Role
	Add Edit	Remove	Save Cancel
	Anonymous Setti Anonymous Viewe		
		Save	Cancel

The network camera allows the creation of different user accounts with different levels of access to the camera. There are three main user levels. The Viewer account only allows viewing the live video page of the camera. The Operator account allows viewing the live video as well as changing the image setup settings, such as brightness, contrast, etc. Only the Administrator account has full access to all camera settings, including the Settings menu. You can define up to nine additional user accounts. The user name and password must be between 4 and 16 characters in length. For each account you can also specify different user authority (Viewer, Operator or Administrator).

Account List:

Click the Add button to create a new user account. A popup window will open up. Here you type in a user name and a password for the new account. Also, you must define the role of the new user account. The example shows how we create a guest account that only has viewing

rights, but cannot change any settings.

Click Save to create the new user account.

Highlight an account to either edit or remove it.

Note that the admin user account cannot be removed.

Anonymous Settings:

Enabling this will allow any user to view the live video from the camera live video page without entering a user name or password. If you do not want to allow this to happen, be sure to set this option to "Disabled."

5.2 Network

On this page you can define the network settings of the camera. By default the camera is set up to automatically obtain the necessary IP information from the DHCP server (e.g., the router) in your network. You can, however, set up the IP address and related settings manually.

5.2.1 TCP/IP

ormation	TCP/IP PPPoE			
sic Setup	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)			
count	MAC Address 00:1B:FE:04:32:4A			
etwork	• Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)			
ite Time	O Use the following IP address			
deo	Obtain DNS server address automatically			
idio e View				
yback	O Use the following DNS server address			
ent	Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)			
tem	IP Address fe80:0000:0000:0000:021b:feff:fe04:324a / 64			
	нттр			
	HTTP Port ● 80 ○ (1124 ~ 65534)			
	Save Cancel			

Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4):

MAC address- MAC address stands for Media Access Control address. This is the unique hardware address of the camera's network interface.

Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)- This is the default setting. In this mode the camera obtains the IP information from the DHCP server in your network. **Use the following IP address-** Activate this option in order to assign a static IP address to the camera. You need to enter a valid IP address, subnet mask and default

gateway address in the corresponding fields.

Obtain DNS server address automatically - automatically use the DNS server settings provided by the DHCP server.

Use the following DNS server address- When you disable DHCP, you also need to provide the camera with valid DNS settings. The Primary DNS server must be filled out. It is often the same IP address as the Gateway address.

Internet Protocol Version 6(TCP/IPv6):

IP address- The IPv6 IP address of camera is automatically assigned by

converting the MAC address of the IP camera. User is not able to modify it.

HTTP:

HTTP port number- The default value is 80 and normally there is no need to change it. If you decide to change the http port to a different value; e.g., 1024, you need to do two things:

First, after saving the settings you need to reboot the camera via the System -> Initialize menu.

Secondly, after the reboot is completed you need to connect to the camera using the URL http://camera_ip:portnumber.

Account Network Date Time	TCP/IP PPPoE PPPoE On O Off Authentication Type PAP V IP Address 0.0.0.0
Video Audio Live View Playback Event System	IP Address 0.0.0.0 IPv6 Address 0.0.0.0 User ID
	Save Cancel

PPPoE is the most common form of connection for DSL-based Internet service.

You can use this function to connect the camera directly to a DSL modem. A common application for this is where the network camera is installed in a remote location where no network is present. In the location is a DSL Internet connection (DSL modem), but no router or any other network infrastructure. You can connect the camera to the DSL modem and enter your DSL account information in the fields below.

PPPoE:

PPPoE- On

Authentication Type- PAP or CHAP

IP address- Displays the current IP address obtained from the Internet Service Provider (ISP). It displays 0.0.0.0 if the camera is not connected to the Internet via PPPoE.

User ID- Enter the user ID for your DSL service here. The user ID has been given to you by your ISP.

Password- The password for the DSL account goes here. Re-type the password in the field below.

DNS Server- Typically, your ISP will send DNS Server information to the camera when it connects. Some ISPs, however, require entering specific DNS servers manually. In that case you can activate the option "Use the following DNS server address" and enter the primary and secondary DNS servers in the fields below (not shown on the screen shot).

5.3 Date Time

formation		
sic Setup	-Current Date/Time-	
count	Current Date/Time	2015-01-15 16:59:38
twork	PC Clock	2015-01-15 16:59:38
deo	Date/Time Format	yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss 🗸
idio	Synchronization Met	hod
e View	O Keep Current Settin	
yback nt	O Synchronize with cli	
tem		lent PC
.em	O Manual Setting	
	Synchronize with NT	TP
	Use the following	g NTP server address
	server 1 poo	l.ntp.org Test
	server 2 1.pc	ool.ntp.org Test
		ool.ntp.org Test
	server 4 3.pc	ool.ntp.org Test
	Time Zone	
	Time Zone	
	(GMT+08:00)Taip	ei 🗸 🗸
	Time Zone	

On this page you can define the time settings of the camera.

Current Date/Time:

Current Date/Time- Displays the camera's current time.

PC Clock- This is the date and time of the computer you are currently using to connect to the camera.

Date/Time Format- The format determines how the date/time is displayed on the live video.

Synchronization Method:

Keep current setting- You don't want to change the date and time.

Synchronize with client PC- It means to adjust the camera time to your PC. Be aware of the fact that this option sets the time only one time. From that point forward, the camera time will start to differ from your PC time as time progresses, and occasional re-synchronization will be necessary.

Manual Setting- Lets you manually enter the time and date. As with the previous option, the camera's time will become inaccurate as time passes and you will need to re-synchronize the time periodically.

Synchronize with NTP- This option is the recommended setting. In this mode, the camera will synchronize its time settings based on the interval setting (ranging from once per hour to once per day). The camera obtains the time from the NTP server. You can use the default value unless your camera is not connected to the Internet, or if a firewall in your network blocks the outgoing NTP request of the camera. Select "Manual" and you can enter a different NTP server; e.g., a server in your local network.

Time zone:

Time zone- Select the correct time zone for your location.

Daylight Saving Time- You can define the range of Daylight Saving Time by activating this option. The camera will adjust the time (move the clock forward or backward by one hour) depending on the programmed start and end time. If your camera is not equipped with this feature, you can adjust the time zone manually for Daylight Saving Time.

5.4 Video

The following three menus: Video Setting, Profile and Day/Night, allowing defining all video-related parameters. Note that the Day/Night option as well as other parameters may not be available on all models.

5.4.1 Video Setting

	Video Setting Prof	file Day / Night
Information		
Basic Setup	Image	
Live View	Video Clip Format	Profile1 🗸
Video Audio	Snapshot Format	Profile1 V
Camera Setting	Overlay	
Fisheye Setting	-	
Playback	Overlay	None 🗸
Event		
System	Privacy Mask	
	Name	Status
	No item has been c	
	Add Edit	Remove
		Save

Image:

Video Clip Format- Select which video profile the camera should be using for video clips it records in such as the network storage device, or SD card.

Snapshot Format- Select the video profile used for snapshots (e.g., for JPG upload to a FTP server).

Overlay:

Overlay- Define what kind of an overlay you want for the live video.

Text Color- Choose between black or white.

Background color- Select from either black, white or transparent.

Display Position- Define where the overlay should appear on the live image.

Privacy Mask:

Privacy masking is the ability of the camera to back out (censor) certain parts of the live video.

Example: The camera is installed in your company; for example, overlooking the warehouse. In one corner of the warehouse is the break room, where the employees go for their lunch breaks. In many countries it is not permitted to monitor the workers during their break. To comply with laws and regulations, you can define a privacy mask in the break area

	ee 64CH NVR Software . CamGraba 2.0
-	
iame .	
	Black V
alor -	

to ensure that this area is not being monitored or recorded by the camera.

Click "Add" to create a new privacy mask.

As you can create multiple masks, you need to provide a name for the mask, and you can define which color you want to overlay to be. Finally, set the status to "Enabled" and click "Save" to create and activate the privacy mask.

5.4.2 Profile

information lasic Setup Account Network Date Time Video Audio Jive View Playback System	Video Setting Profile Day / Night Stream Profile Stans Description Frofile1 profile2 I2 Add Edit Remove	Profile Description Profile Name Profile Description Video Setting Encoding Profile Resolution Maximum frame rate Quality	Fixed Quality Detailed V	
		Audio Setting	MaxBitRateFormat 6M V	
		Audio Stream Current Audio Setting	Dn Y	
			ull Duplex	
		Audio Input 0	ldb / g.711_u-law	

The network camera allows the creation of video streaming profiles. For each profile you can define the video resolution, the viewing area and the video codec that is to be used. Click "Add" to create a new profile, "Remove" to delete a profile or "Edit" to modify an existing profile.

Video Setting:

Encoding- Your network camera can encode video in three different formats. H.265 is cutting edge high efficiency video coding that saves 50% bitrate compared to

H.264 at the same video quality. Equally, you could get much improved video quality compared to H.264 in low bitrate situations. Please be warned that H.265 video

ncoding	H264 💌		Limitations of resolution set
Profile Resolution Maximum frame rate Quality	High 2560x1920 2560x1920 2048x1536 640x480 320x240 Fixed Quality) Excellent	2560x1920:Profile,1,3 2048x1536:Profile,1,3 640x480:All profiles 320x240:All profiles
	MaxBitRateFor	mat 10M 💌	

decoding may consume more processing power, and that many NVRs and/or clients do not support H.265 yet.

Profile- Encoding application offers you three choices- High, Main and Baseline profiles.
Resolution- Here you define the video resolution for the profile. Which choices you have depend on your camera model. Some HD models offer image resolutions of up to 2560 x 1920 pixels whereas standard definition cameras are limited to 320 x 240 pixels.
Maximum frame rate- Type in the number of frames the camera should generate per second of video. The higher the value, the smoother the video, but the more bandwidth is going to be required. Frame rate can be set to up to 30fps.

Quality- You can control the image quality of the video by selecting "Fixed Quality" (or refers to VBR) and defining the image quality by selecting one of the following values "Medium," "Standard," "Good," "Detailed" and "Excellent." Or you can choose to specify the bit rate (fixed bitrate or CBR) of the video the camera must not exceed. In this mode the camera varies the image quality automatically to not exceed the specified maximum. With setting fixed quality plus maximum bitrates, the camera would try to meet the quality requirement without exceed the certain bitrates.

Audio Setting:

Audio Steam- You can select "On" or "Off"

Audio Setting

On 🗸

Current	Audio	Setting	
---------	-------	---------	--

Audio Mode Audio Input

Audio Output

Full Duplex
0db / g.711_u-law
6db

5.4.3 Day/Night

	Video Setting Profile Day / Night	
asic Setup	Day / Night	
Account	IR Cut Filter Mode Auto 🗸	
Network	IR Cut Filter Switch Delay	
Date Time	IR Cut Filter Threshold 10 Dark	
/ideo Audio	IR Mode Auto V	
ve View	IR Level Dark Bright	
ayback	IR Angle Spot	
vent	Leikord in Konton bestien best	
ystem		
	Save Cancel	
	a n	

Some network cameras are equipped with active IR LEDs providing the

ability to capture video in complete darkness. Note, that if your camera is not equipped with IR LEDs, this menu will not be available. Also note that some menu items will vary depending on your camera model.

Infrared cut-off filters are designed to reflect or block mid-infrared wavelengths while passing visible light. They are often used in network video cameras to block IR due to the high sensitivity of many camera sensors to near-infrared light. With the filter in place before the image sensor, the camera will not be able to pick up IR light, but it generates true color video. Once the IR cut filter is removed, the camera becomes IR light sensitive and will generate a black and white image – and it does that even in complete darkness if the IR LEDs are active.

Day/Night:

IR Cut Filter Mode-

Auto-- The camera decides when to remove the IR cut filter based on the IR Cut Filter Threshold you can specify. The

switch delay ensures that the camera only

IR Cut Filter Mode



switches the IR Cut Filter after the specified amount of time has passed.

Night Mode-- This is the opposite of the day mode. If this mode is enabled, the camera always removes the IR cut filter. As a result, the camera will always be IR sensitive, regardless of the actual light levels, and the image will be rendered in B/W mode. Using night mode in day light conditions is not recommended as it leads to a poor image quality with false and washed out colors.

Day Mode-- In this mode the camera does not remove the IR Cut Filter from the image sensor regardless of any other settings. So only visible light will pass through and the image will be in color mode

Schedule-- Select this option, if you wish to control exactly when you want the camera to engage the night mode. You can use the internal scheduler to define a time pattern for each day of the week, e.g., no night mode on the weekends, but night mode from MON to FRI from 21.00 hours to 06.00 hours. The scheduler is explained in detail later on.

IR Cut Filter Switch Delay- For user to define the time duration (how many seconds) between IR being turned on or off from the current status.

IR Cut Filter Threshold- Here we use an example to explain how IR cut filter threshold works. If you set Dark as 30 lux and Bright as 70 lux, that means when luminance is less than 30 lux, the camera switches to night mode(B/W), and when luminance is more than 70 lux, the camera switches to day mode(color), if the luminance is between 30 lux and 70 lux, the camera stays in current mode.

5.5 Audio

	Audio Setting
 Information Basic Setup Account Network Date Time 	Audio Input Audio Input Gain 0 V Audio Encoding g.711_u-law V
Video Audio O Live View	Audio Output Audio Output Gain +6 Y
© Playback © Event © System	Save Cancel

Audio Input:

Audio Input Gain- Select the microphone input gain value you wish in the drop-down menu, and based on your region to select the proper codec and save all setting.

Audio Encoding-

g.711 u-law-- One codec for "Computer Audio", used in North America & Japan areas.

g.711 a-law-- Another codec for "Computer Audio", used in Europe and the rest

for the world.

AMR-- An audio codec of the third generation communication for mobile PHONE. While the option selected, your mobile phone will receive the audio file from IP Camera. And you can choose the bit rate from 4.75k to 12.2k. However, the usage of this codec will cause frame-rate decreasing.

g.726

Audio Output:

Audio Output Gain- Select the speaker output gain value you wish in the drop-down menu and save it.

Note: The camera does not support echo cancelling, using the full duplex mode may cause audio feedback.

6. Setting Live View

The Live View menu provides access to the video settings, which are exactly the same as described in the last section 5.4 & 5.5. It also provides access to advanced image settings and allows configuring the view areas that we discussed in the previous section. Note that depending on your camera model, the options on the screen may differ from the screen shots in this user manual.

6.1 Video

The same as described in the last section 5.4.

6.2 Audio

The same as described in the last section 5.5.

Information
Basic Setup
Live View
Video
Audio

Camera Setting PTZ Setting Playback Event System

6.3 Camera Setting

6.3.1 Image Setting

Image Settings ROI	
©Information	
Basic Setup Live View	
Video	
Audio	
Camera Setting	
Fisheye Setting	
OPlayback OEvent	
O System	
Image Enhancement	
Brightness 100 Saturation 38	
Contrast 75 Sharpness 79	
Default	
White Balance	
Color Tone Cool Warm 0	
Auto White Balance Auto V	
Exposure Setting	
Exposure Frequency Auto	
Automatic Exposure	
Exposure Time 1/10000 v Sec. (Min.) ~ 1/30 v Sec. (Max.)	
Gain 1 v X (Min.) ~ 64 v X (Max.)	
Low Light Behavior O On O Off	
Default	
Wide Dynamic Range	
Mode Off V	
□ Noise Reduction	
2D Denoise Auto V	
3D Denoise Auto V	
- Defog	
Mode Off V	
Save Cancel	

Image Enhancement:

The image enhancement controls consist of standard video settings, which you know from a great variety of products. Click on "Video" to see the camera live video while you adjust the settings to your liking.

White Balance:

Color Tone- Choose between "Cool" and "Warm". Normally you want to set this to real

as it provides the best representation of natural colors.

Auto White Balance- This parameter controls how the camera interprets colors. You can choose from the following values: "Auto," "Hold Current", "Fluorescent," "Incandescent," "Sunny," "Cloudy", "Sun Shade" and "Manual" You should select the value that best represents the environment the camera is installed in. You can also leave the default value "Auto," as it typically delivers very good results.

Exposure Setting:

Exposure Frequency- There are four values: "Auto," "50Hz," "60Hz" and "Hold Current." If your camera is installed so that it's facing outside, you should select "Auto." If your camera is installed indoors, you must select the appropriate light frequency (either 50 or 60 Hz; e.g., in the US select 60 Hz, in Germany, Poland or Italy select 50 Hz). The hold current option fixes the current exposure settings.

Automatic Exposure- You can manually set the exposure value, which ranges from 0-100 (dark to bright). The default value is 25 and typically provides good results. **Exposure Time-** You can define the minimum and maximum exposure time of the camera's shutter here. We recommend using the smallest exposure time (e.g., 1/10000 sec) for the min value as it ensures the camera will generate crisp images during day time conditions in which even moving objects appear sharp and in focus. As for the max value, the bigger the value, the longer the camera keeps the shutter open in low light conditions allowing more light to fall onto the image sensor. As a result, the camera can capture images even in very dark environments. The downside is that moving objects will appear blurred as the move while the camera's shutter is open.

Gain- The camera is equipped with an electronic gain mechanism which helps capture image in dark conditions. The higher the gain, the brighter the image, but the downside is that the image contains more noise.

Low Light Behavior- When enabled, this opens allows additional control over the camera when it is running in night mode.

Wide Dynamic Range:

WDR stands for Wide Dynamic Range and allows the network camera to capture video in areas with high contrasting objects; e.g., extremely bright and extremely dark. Activate WDR by setting it to "Auto" and then adjust the level that controls the amount of WDR enhancement.

Noise Reduction:

Your camera features a noise reduction algorithm, which helps reduce the graining in the video, which occurs under low light conditions. Set this parameter to "Night Mode" to only activate noise reduction when the camera is operating in night mode. You can also select "Schedule", "On" (activates noise reduction permanently) or "Off" (deactivated noise reduction permanently).

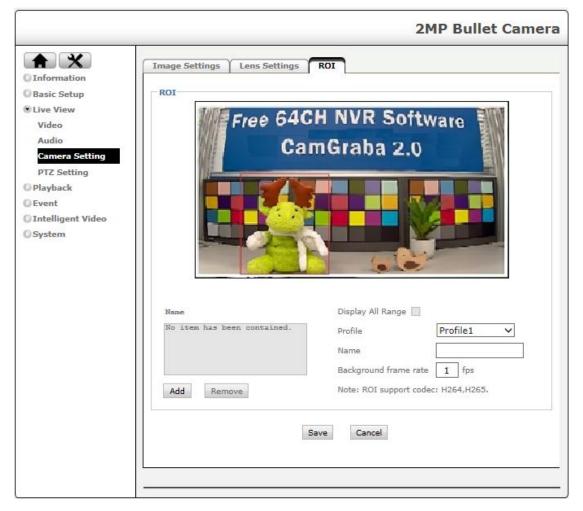
3D Denoise:

Improves video noise reduction to deliver sharper, more accurate images.

Defog:

When the weather becomes foggy, you can turn on software defog function which will increase image contrast to make it clearer.

6.3.2 ROI

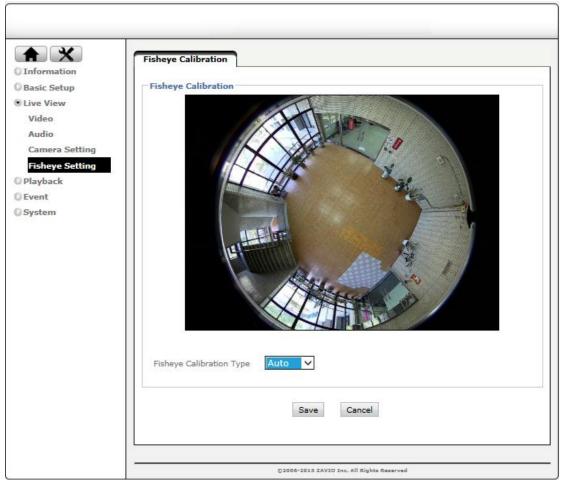


ROI:

ROI is an application for strengthening the image clarity in key regions of a scene. Please refer to the picture below. The framed regions are clearer than the other region. First, please fill in a name and click add, and then you'll see a rectangle frame on the live-view screen. Select a region which you want the view to be clearer, and then click save. If you want to see the regions you have set, please click Display All Range.

Background frame rate: you can set background frame rate to be lower than profile video frame rate so that more bitrate will be used in key areas, increasing video quality where it matters most.

Note: For each profile, the ROI sets are limited to 3, and ROI only support codec H.264 & H.265.



6.3.3 Fisheye Setting

Fisheye Calibration Type: Auto or Manual

The system can auto detect the dewarp area. If you are not satisfied with auto setting, you can set manual and drag the red square to your desired area.

7. Setting Playback

The network camera offers an integrated playback feature, from a network storage server or the optional SD storage card.



7.1 Client PC

You can use this to play H.265 codec video clips in your PC.

7.2 Network Storage

In the event settings (see section 8) you can define a local network storage drive (NAS) as a location for the camera to save videos. The video player allows locating recordings quickly and conveniently on the network storage drive and play back the files right in your web browser.

	2MP Bullet Camera
 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Client PC Network Storage Edge Storage 	Network Storage Recording List Please add network storage server first

There are two folders: "Event" which is for event-triggered recordings, e.g., motion detection alerts, and "Schedule" which contains recordings that the camera recorded if scheduled recording is enabled.

cording List		
PC amera001BFE041FF1/		
GELERI	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	
Folder	File Name	Size
Event/		
Schedule/		

Refer to the section 8 "Event" for more details on the setup.

IPC amera001BFE041FF1/		
5 6 6 6 6 6		
Folder	File Name	Size
/		
20130314/		
20130315/		31
20130321/		

Above: Each day has its own folder.

IPC amera001BFE041FF1/		
Folder	File Name	Size
/		2
13/		
14/		
16/		
17/		- 8
18/		
19/		
22/		2

Above: Each hour of the day has its own folder.

IPC smers001BFE041FF1/			
Folder	File Name	Size	
/			
	551397_video20130314175349_MD.avi	5.01MB	
	551397 video20130314175449 MD.avi	5.01MB	

Above: Individual videos can be played back by selecting them and clicking the play button.



Above: Playback of one event recording in the web browser (MSIE only).

Item	Description
5	Move one folder up
65	Refresh the view
	Delete the selected file
Ø	Select all items in the folder
	Playback the selected video
	Download selected item to your computer's hard drive.

7.3 Edge Storage

			2MP	Bullet Came
	Edge Storage			
Information	Luge biologe			0
Real-Catura	Recording List			
Basic Setup	IPCamers001BFE041FF1/			
Live View	N R 10 H 10 N R			
Playback	Folder	File Name	Size	
		Gate_2013_08_23	1025.68MB	
Client PC		PlayGround_2013_08_23	1025.84MB	
		Hallway_2013_08_23	1025.74MB	
Network Storage				
Edge Storage				

If your camera is equipped with a local storage option (recording on an SC card) you can

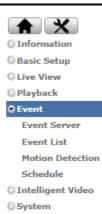
access the recordings from here.

It functions similarly to the access of files on the network storage device.

Information	Edge Storage
 Basic Setup Live View Playback Client PC Network Storage Edge Storage Event Intelligent Video System 	Recording List

8. Setting_Event

Your network camera supports so-called events. When an event occurs, you can have the camera perform an action, e.g., record a video to a remote location. This section describes how to set up event servers, events, motion detection and the scheduler.



8.1 Event Server

First you need to set up an event server, or multiple event servers.

★ ×	Event Server SD Card	🗿 http://192168110/ - Server Configuration - Internet Explorer
Information Itasic Setup Urve View	Event Server	General
Playback E Venit Event Sizver Event List Motion Detection Tampering Detection Schedule	Re iven har been contailed.	Server Setting Eerver type Eerver type Server type Network Storage Upload Path User Name Password Re-type Pessword Re-type Pessword Passive Mode O on Off Text
		Media Setting Available memory buffer Sorrow / Stable Attached Type Send 0 Fre-event Image [0~7]
		Send 0 Post-event Image [0~7] Image File Name Suffix O None ® Date Time

Click "Add" to create a new event server.

Add a FTP Server

General:

Name- Provide a name for the server.

Server Setting:

Server Type- Select "FTP"

Network Address- Type in the address of

your FTP server.

-Server Setting	
Server type	FTP
Network Address	FTP SMTP
Server Port	HTTP Network Storage
Upload Path	
User Name	
Password	
Re-type Password	
Passive Mode	🔘 On 🖲 Off
	Test

Server Port- Leave at 21, unless your FTP server uses a different port.

Upload path-upload path

User Name and password- Provide valid login credentials for the FTP server.

Re-type Password-type password again

Passive Mode- Select "On" if your FTP server utilizes passive FTP, which is the most common method.

Test- Press on Test button to make sure the FTP server information is all correct.

Add a SMTP Server

Server Setting:

Server Type- Select "SMTP."

Mail Server- Type in the address of your mail server.

Server Port- Adjust the server port if necessary. Port 25 is standard, but your server may be using different values (not so uncommon these days as an anti-spam measure).

Server Setting	2
Server type	SMTP
Mail Server	
Server Port	25 (1~65535) 🔲 SSL
Authentication	🙁 On 📽 Off
Send mail from	
Send test mail to	
	Test

Authentication- If your mail server requires authentication

in order to send email, and most servers do these days, set authentication to "On" and define the type of authentication below.

User Name and password- Provide valid login credentials for the email server. **Send mail from**- The camera will use this address as its own email address. This email address does not necessarily need to be a valid address.

Send test email to- Enter the email address to which you want the camera to send the images and click on Test. If the test succeeds you can provide the information for the

media settings and click "Save". The actual target email address is defined when you set up an event in the next section.

Add a HTTP Server:

A HTTP server can be used by the camera to trigger a script on a remote server if an event occurs. User name, password and proxy fields are all optional.

Server Secting	
Server type	HTTP
URL	http://
Port	80
User ID	
Password	
Re-type Password	
Proxy Address	
Proxy Port	
Proxy User Name	
Proxy Password	
	Test

Adding a Network Storage:

Server Type- Select "N	5	
Type- Select a valid	Server Setting	Network Storage 💌
type for your	Туре	Windows Network (SMB/CIFS) V
network storage	Network Storage Location	Windows Network (SHD/CITS)
(either Windows SMB	(for example: \\my_nas\folder)	
or Linux NFS).	Workgroup	
Network Storage	User Name	
Location - Enter the	Password	
address of your local	Re-type Password	
storage server as	Create Folder	
shown on the right.		Test

User Name and password- Provide valid login credentials for the network storage server.

Create Folder- Type in a folder name in which you want the camera to store files. This field is optional.

Test- Press on Test button to make sure the NAS information is all correct.

Media Settings:

Here you define what kind of media you wish to upload (snapshot, video), how many images pre and post event you wish to upload, the image file name and the suffix.

vailable memory buffer	20480 / 30720 KB
ttached Type Video	~
Pre-event Recording 0	seconds [0~7]
ost-event Recording 1	seconds [1~7]
mage File Name	

8.1.2 SD Card

Information	Event Server SD Card	
Basic Setup	SD Card	
Live View	Memory Card On ® Off	
Playback	Format Execute	
Event Event Server		
Event List		
Motion Detection	Save Cancel	
Tampering		
Detection Schedule		
System		

If you want to record video footage on a local SD card, you first must insert the SD card (see hardware installation guide for details), and then you must set the Memory Card to "on" and format the card by clicking "Execute."

Noted: Only FAT32 is supported, please do not format the SD card to other format.

Noted: Please power off the camera before taking off memory card.

8.2 Event List

Now that we have created an Event Server, we can proceed with setting up actual events.

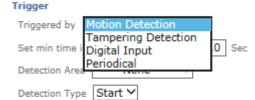
8.2.1 Event List

		Sevent Configuration - Windows Internet Explorer	
 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event Ternt Ist Motion Detection Tampering Detection System 	Event List Scheduled Recording Event List Name Enabled Trigger No item has been contained. Add Edit Remove * D1/2=Digital Output 1/2, F=FFP Upleas S=SNTP notification, H=NTTP notifies N=Network Storage, SD=SD Card	http://10.0.0.109/event_list_setting.htm General Name Event On Off Triggered by Motion Detection Tampering Detection Set min time Perimeter Detection Detection Are Digital Input Detection Typ Detection Typ Detection Typ Detection Typ	
		 ○ Schedule Working_Day ✓ Please Configure Schedule 	

Click on the "Add" button to begin.

Trigger:

You need to specify the trigger type. The drop-down list below shows the available options. Note that depending on your camera model, the options will vary.



Please Configure Motion Detection

Motion Detection- The camera monitors the video image for movements and triggers an alert when it detects motion. Motion detection needs to be configured first for that to work.

Tampering Detection- The camera can detect if it's being tampered with, e.g., if someone covers the lens, and triggers an alert when this happens. Tampering detection needs to be configured for that to work.

Digital Input- If your camera is equipped with digital inputs (see hardware installation guide), then you can use them as a trigger mechanism. A common example would be to use 3rd party motion detection sensors that trigger the camera to start a recording.

Periodical- This trigger type can be used if you want the camera to perform the same action over and over again, based on a time period. A typical application would be to have the camera refresh an image on your web site every 60 seconds.

Network link down- When camera network link is down, the camera triggers an alert.

Action:

After you have selected the tripper type, you now have to define the action(s). In other words, what do you want the camera to do if the event occurs?

Send Image			
Event Server			
Name	Туре	Media	
Please Configur	e Event Server	or <u>SD Card</u>	
ZSend Notificatio	n		
Please Configur	e HTTP Server		
Activate Digital	Output		
Digital Outp	ut1		
Digital Outp	ut2		
✓ PTZ Action			
	position	None 🗸	
Return to	last position	after event.	
O Run Guard T	our No	one 🗸	
Please Configur	e PT7		

Send Image- Instructs the camera to send out images. When selected, you need to specify whether you want to use FTP, network storage or SD card. You may need to set up these servers first (see previous section) in order to use them here.

Send Notification- This action type uses the HTTP event server. You can use this to have the camera trigger a script on a server.

Activate Digital Output- If your camera is equipped with digital outputs, then you can use them to perform an action. You can specific how long you want the camera to trigger the event once you have selected Digital 1.

PTZ Action- This action type will make the camera to move to/point at a certain preset position or start run a certain predefined tour when the event occurs.

Schedule:

Here you can define when you want this action to be active. You can choose between "Always" or a schedule that you have defined (see "Schedule" a few pages down).

Schedule				
Denedure				
Always				
Schedule	Working_Day			
Please Configure Schedule				

8.2.2 Scheduled Recording

A X	Event List Scheduled Recording	
Basic Setup	Scheduled Recording	
Live View	Mass Enabled Trigger	Action Schedule
Playback	We stem has been contained.	
Event		@ http://192 168 1 10/ - Scheduled Configuration - I
Event Server		General
Event List Notion Detection		Name
Tampering		Scheduled @ On O Off
Detection Schedule		Schedules of the on-
System	Add Edit Remove	Action
"	Fierra French	File Size 10 (1-50 MB)
	L	Event Server
		Please Configure Network Storage or Local Storage
		Network storage server can only be added once.
		Schedule
		@ Always
		O Schedule Working_Day ₩
		Please Configure Schedulg
		Save Cancel

Schedule Recording:

This feature is allowing the camera to record the video by following a certain schedule such as always record or record the video during the weekend.

Action:

Define each recorded video file size to save.

You can choose to store the video to NAS or SD card, which need to be pre-configured in event server.

8.3 Motion Detection



The network camera is able to monitor the video footage for movements and trigger an alert if motion has been detected. This motion detection does not utilize passive infrared, but instead it relies on a frame by frame comparison of the video footage the camera captures. You can define more than one motion detection area. The example above shows that so-called hotspot has been created for the area of the window. When you set up an event for motion detection, you can select which motion detection area you wish to monitor. Threshold and sensitivity will need to be set up so that you don't miss important events and are not flooded by false alarms either. Finding the right values will require some trial and error. There are no standard values that simply "will work" as it depends very much on the actual location and light levels. Generally speaking, increasing the sensitivity while lowering the threshold will generate more false alarms but it ensures that you will not miss an important event. Doing the opposite will of course have the opposite effect: Fewer false alarms at an increased risk or missing an important event.

8.4 Schedule

★ X	Schedule	
Information Basic Setup Live View	Schedule List	
Playback Event Event Server	Working_Day Weekend Night_Mode	
Event List Motion Detection Tampering Detection Schoolule System	General Name	GC
	Schedule Start Time 00 V : 00 V - End Time 24 V : 00 V	
	Mon (Empty) V Add Remove	

The Network Camera supports event trigger actions that can be based on a schedule. This can be used, as an example, to only activate motion detection between 9 pm and 6 am during

business days and around the clock on the weekends. You can set up individual schedules for each event type, so that motion detection is activated between 7 pm and 7 am, but tampering detection is only activated between 10 pm and 4 am. Name Working_Day Weekend Night_Mode

Depending on your camera model, the screen layout will vary slightly.

There are three default schedules which you cannot delete, but you can modify them. You can create a new schedule by clicking "Add."

Start Time 00 ▼ : 00 ▼ - End Time 24	•:00•
Mon 08:00-17: Add Remove	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Tue 08:00-17: Add Remove	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Wed 08:00-17: Add Remove	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Thu 08:00-17: Add Remove	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Fri 08:00-17: • Add Remove	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Sat (Empty) Add Remove	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Sun (Empty) ▼ Add Remove	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
Use the same time schedule every day.	

First you need to provide a name for the schedule (not shown on image). Then select a start and end time and click on "Add" for the day of the week the schedule is supposed to be active. As soon as you add a schedule, the timeline turns red, indicating the active schedule. If the schedule is the same for every day of the week, you can activate the option "Use the same time schedule every day."

9. Setting System

The system menu provides access to a variety of system settings of your network camera.



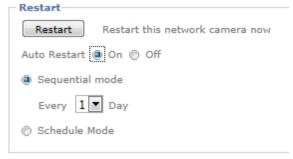
Information
Basic Setup
Live View
Playback
Event
System
Maintenance
Date Time
Security
Network Basic
Network Advanced
Digital I/O
PoE
LED
System Log

9.1 Maintenance

Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event	Restart Restart Restart this network camera now Auto Restart O on Off
System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log	Backup / Restore Default Restore all setting except: TCP/IP Date Time Backup Backup the configuration of this network camera Restore இஜ Restore configuration to this network camera from chosen file: Firmware Upgrade இஜ Upgrade firmware to this network camera from chosen file:
	Language Upload Upload anguage pack to this network camera from chosen file: Save Cancel

Restart:

You can restart the network camera by hitting the restart button. Set Auto Restart to "On" if you wish to reboot the camera automatically, and then you specify the reboot mode. Select "Sequential mode" and specify after how many days of uptime you want the camera to reboot. Select "Schedule Mode" to control when the reboot is to occur in a much more detailed way.



Backup/Restore:

Default- Click this button to restore he factory default settings in this camera. You can choose to exclude the IP and date & time settings.

Backup- This function allows saving the current configuration of the camera to a file on your computer's hard drive. Saving the configuration is useful in case you ever want to reload a specific configuration; e.g., in order to set up another camera of the same model and firmware version with the exact same configuration. Since the IP address

configuration is also part of the setting date, you must be careful not to restore the same settings to two or more cameras when all of them are connected to the same network. Otherwise, you would be creating an IP conflict in your network.

Restore- With this function, you can reload a previously saved configuration back into your camera. Click Browse to locate the configuration file and OK to begin the process. The camera will perform a reboot at the end of the procedure and the new settings will become effective.

Firmware Upgrade:

From time to time, there will be a new firmware version available for your camera. New firmware versions can enhance the functionality of the camera, or they can fix problems. Before you begin, make sure that you have obtained a proper firmware from the web site. If you are not 100% sure about this, do not proceed. Instead, contact the technical support team to verify the firmware version. Also, do not perform the upgrade from a computer that is connected to the network wirelessly, as the connection is inherently less stable than a cable-based connection. If you have the correct firmware file, make sure that you un-compress the ZIP file first (if the firmware file is an archive) and you end up with a file that has an extension *.bin. Click on Browse and select the *bin file. Click on OK to begin the upgrade process.

Language:

You can replace the language in the user interface of your network camera. On the Installation CD are different language files starting with "LNG_" and ending with ".lang." Click on Browse, select the language you wish to install and then click on OK to begin the process.

9.2 Date Time

nformation					
asic Setup	Current Date/T				
ve View	Current Date/Ti	me		02 14:45:51	
ayback vent	PC Clock		2015-02-	02 14:45:51	
ystem	Date/Time Form	nat	yyyy-mm-d	ld hh:mm:ss 💙	
faintenance					
Date Time	Synchronization				
Security	O Keep Current	Setting			
Network Basic	O Synchronize v	with client P	с		
Network Advanced	O Manual Settin	g			
Digital I/O .ED	Synchronize v	with NTP			
System Log	• Use the fo	llowing NTP	server address	5	
server 1 pool.ntp.org Test					
	server 2			Test	
	server 3			Test	
			1.0		
	server 4	3.pool.n	.tp.org	Test	
	Time Zone				
	Time Zone				
	(GMT+08:00)Taipei			~
	Daylight Saving		n Off		
			Save	Cancel	
			8	80	

Refer to section 5.3

9.3 Security

 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log 	Account IP Address Filter HTTPS Account List Image: Constraint of the second seco

9.3.1 Account

Refer to 5.1

9.3.2 IP Address Filter

	Account IP Address Filter HTTPS	
Information Basic Setup Live View Playback	General Setting IP Address Filter Disabled V	
© Event © System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log	IP Address Filter Filter Type Allow ✓ IP Address Range No item has been contained.	
	Add Edit Remove	

Once you enabled it, the listed IP address are allowed or denied access to the network camera. Add the IP address that you'd like to allow or deny, select allow or deny from the list and save it.

A X	Account IP Address Filter HTTPS
Information Basic Setup Live View Playback	Create / Install Create self-signed certificate
© Event System Maintenance Date Time Security	Installed Certificate Subject Name No Certificate Installed. Properties Remove
Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log	HTTPS Connection Policy Administrator HTTP Operator HTTP Viewer HTTP Set Policy

9.3.3 HTTPS

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) is a cryptographic protocol that provides security for communications over networks such as the Internet.

HTTPS is a URI scheme used to indicate a secure HTTP connection (SSL encrypted). It is syntactically similar to the http:// scheme that is normally used for accessing resources using HTTP. The differences are that SSL-encrypted connections always begin with https:// instead of http://. HTTPS connections use TCP port 443 by default, compared to standard HTTP connections, which use port 80.

Create & Install:

Create a self-signed certificate for HTTPS to recognize.

Installed Certificate:

Display or remove the properties of the installed certificate.

HTTPS Connection Policy:

Set HTTPS connection policy for different level of users.

To use the HTTPS encryption, please set up "Create self-signed certificate" for the first time you use the HTTPS function, and then set up the connection policy for different users. Note: When enable HTTPS with RTSP on mode, the IP Camera only protect the setting such as username and password and do not protect video and audio. When enable HTTPS with RTSP

off mode, the IP Camera will protect all setting including video and audio.

9.4 Network Basic

formation	TCP/IP PPPoE							
asic Setup	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)							
ve View	MAC Address Error Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) 							
ayback								
vent	O Use the following IP address							
stem								
laintenance	O Obtain DNS server address automatically							
ate Time	• Use the following DNS server address							
Security	Preferred DNS Server 10 0 50 1							
letwork Basic	Alternate DNS Server 0,0,0,0							
letwork Advanced								
igital I/O	Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)							
ED	IP Address fe80:0000:0000:0242:70ff:fe00:3022 / 64							
System Log	IF AUDIESS [1800.0000.0000.0242.7011.1800.3022 / 04							
	HTTP							
	HTTP Port 80 0 (1124 ~ 65534)							
	Save Cancel							

9.4.1 TCP/IP

Refer to section 5.2.1

9.4.2 PPPoE

Refer to section 5.2.2

9.5 Network Advanced

9.5.1 RTSP

 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic 	RTSP UPnP Bonjour DDNS General RTP Port Range 5000 (1124 ~ 65435) ~ 7999 (1223 ~ 65534) RTSP Port Image: S54 O (1124 ~ 65534) (1124 ~ 65534) RTSP Configuration Profile Name Profile1 ~ Profile video.pro1 Authentication Disabled ~
Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log	Save Cancel

General:

RTP Port Range- The default value of port range is 5000 ~ 7999 and can be changed from 1124 to 65534.

RTSP Port- RTSP stands for Real Time Streaming Protocol. RTSP is supported by most media clients, such as Real Player, VLC and QuickTime. If you only plan to view the camera video with your Web browser or with one of the provided software utilities, you do not need to activate this option. The default value is 554 and can be changed from 1124 to 65534.

RTSP Configuration:

This option allows you to set up the URL for each profile and define whether or not you want to enable or disable authentication. By default, the video URL and profile number are related, e.g., profilex = video.prox, but you change it any way you like. Based on the default URLs, access to the RTSP streams would be done like this:

rtsp://camera_address:554/video.pro1

rtsp://camera_address:554/video.pro2

rtsp://camera_address:554/video.pro3

rtsp://camera_address:554/video.pro4

If authentication is enabled, the URLs will change as follows:

rtsp://username:password@camera_address:554/video.pro1

[...]

rtsp://username:password@camera_address:554/video.pro4

9.5.2 UPnP

 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic 	UPnP On O off Turn On UPnP port forwarding HTTP Port 0 80 (1124 ~ 65534) SSL Port 0 443 (1124 ~ 65534) RTSP Port 0 554 (1124 ~ 65534) Device Name 2M Outdoor Dome
Digital I/O LED System Log	

UPnP stands for Universal Plug and Play. A UPnP-enabled device, such as your network camera, announces its presence in the local network to other computers that support UPnP as well. The operating systems Windows XP, Windows Vista and Windows 7/8 support UPnP. When the network camera is connected to the network, Windows will alert the computer user of the presence of the new device (a new icon will be added to your My Network Places folder) and lets the user connect to the device instantaneously.

Furthermore, UPnP has the ability to instruct the router or firewall to open certain ports, so that a party from the outside world can contact a device on the local network, such as the network camera.

UPnP port forwarding is not supported by all routers, however. So, depending on your router or firewall, you may or may not be able use this function, also, opening ports in any router or firewall increases the risk of an intruder successfully breaking in to your network. UPnP automates this task and leaves it to the devices to negotiate which ports to open. Since this is done without any form of authentication, enabling UPnP port forwarding in your router is not necessarily a good idea in a security-sensitive environment. You can always open individual ports in your router or firewall manually.

In the camera UPnP is enabled by default. UPnP port forwarding is disabled by default. When you enable UPnP port forwarding, the screen will reveal additional options. These are the ports the camera will instruct the router to open. Depending on the camera model, you may see different ports. The new H.264 Megapixel cameras have a simpler port model and require fewer ports than the other models. Normally there is no need to change any of these ports, unless you know that a port is already in use by a different device or application.

Q Information	RTSP UPnP Bonjour DDNS
Basic Setup	Bonjour
O Live View	Bonjour 🖲 On 🔿 Off
Playback	Device Name
© Event	
 System Maintenance 	Save Cancel
Date Time	
Security	
Network Basic	
Network Advanced	
Digital I/O	
LED	
System Log	

9.5.3 Bonjour

UPnP Bonjour is a service that, just like UPnP, helps to find the network camera on the network. Bonjour is available for Windows, but is more commonly used for MacOS..

Bonjour:

Bonjour On- Enables the service (on by default).

Bonjour Off- Disables the service

Device name- Enter the name of your camera here. This is the name the Bonjour service will display. If you have more than one camera installed in your network, this is an easy way to differentiate among the cameras.

9.5.4 DDNS

	RTSP UPnP Bonjour DDNS
 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED 	DDNS On O Off Server Name User ID Password Re-type Password Host Name Periodical Update O Auto O Periodical 5 min
System Log	Save Cancel

If you are not planning on connecting to the network camera over a remote connection, but only in your local network, you can skip this section.

Dynamic DNS is a network service that provides the capability for a networked device, such as a router or computer system, to notify a domain name server to change, in real time (ad-hoc) the active DNS configuration of its configured host names, addresses or other information stored in DNS.

In simpler terms: Users of private Internet services are often faced with a problem: The ISP typically changes the IP address assigned to the user based on a time interval. This may be as often as once every 24 hours or as seldom as once every 30 days. For the average user this is not a problem. However, if you want to be able to connect to the local camera (e.g., in your house) from a remote location (e.g., the office), you need to know under which Internet address the camera can be reached. However, you don't know what the current Internet IP address is. So you are beginning to see the problem.

DDNS solves this problem by allowing you to create a domain name for your home network,

which you can always use to access the camera. To use the DDNS function, you will need to do the following two things.

First, create a DDNS hostname with a DDNS service provider

Secondly, set up a DDNS client in the home network that contacts the DDNS service provider and updates the IP information.

If the router in your home network is equipped with a DDNS client, we recommend using the router instead of the camera. Most SOHO routers are equipped with a DDNS client and since the router is in direct control of handling the Internet connection, it's the device best suited for the DDNS task.

Server Name- Select the DDNS provider of your choice. In our example we use no-ip.com.

User ID- Enter the same user name here that you use to log in to your account settings on www.dyndns.org. Do not enter your DSL user account information here.

Password- Enter the password for your no-ip.com user account here. Re-type the password in the field below.

Host name- You need to enter the full host name that you have created in your no-ip.com account here.

Periodic Update- You can either specify the time in minutes after which the camera will update its IP information with the DDNS provider, or you can leave the setting as "Auto", which is recommended.

Click "Save" to activate the settings. Reboot the camera to activate the DDNS settings. After a reboot you may need to wait for a few minutes before you can access the camera with the new domain name.

9.6 Digital I/O

	Digital I/O				
Basic Setup	Digital I/O				
Live View	Port	Normal		Current Status	
Playback	Input 1	open circuit	~	open circuit	
Event	Input 2	open circuit	~	open circuit	
System	Output 1	open circuit	~	open circuit	
Maintenance					
Date Time	Output 2	open circuit	~	open circuit	
Security	1.1				
Network Basic		[Sav	e Cancel	
Network Advanced					
Digital I/O					
LED					
System Log					

If your network camera is equipped with a digital I/O interface, you can configure the connections on this page. The screen shows the current status of input 1/ input 2 and output 1/ output 2. The screen also allows you to define the "normal" state of the port. The normal state can be viewed as the "non-alert-state."

9.7 PoE

C Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event	PoE PoE © 802.3af When IR LEDs are on, heater and fan will be disabled. © 802.3at	
System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O POE LED System Log	When IR LEDs are on, heater or fan can still be activated.	
	COPYRIGHT © 2014 ZAVID ALL RIGHTE RESERVED.	_

When you empower IP Camera, the system will detect af/ at mode of PoE automatically.

802.3af:

When IR LEDs are on, heater or fan will be disabled even the temperature is reaching the trigger condition.

802.3at:

When IR LEDs are on, heater or fan will be activated when the temperature is reaching the trigger condition.

9.8 LED

 Information Basic Setup Live View Playback Event System Maintenance Date Time Security Network Basic Network Basic Network Advanced Digital I/O LED System Log 	LED Indicator Show LED indicator for normal operation Hide LED indicator for normal operation Save Cancel

You can enable or disable the operation LEDs on your network camera. Hiding the LED indicator will make the camera appear to be offline while in fact it is operational and captures video.

★ ×	System Log	
Information		
Basic Setup	System Log	
Live View	Enable Remote Log	
Playback	Server Name	
Event		
System	Server Port	
Maintenance	Save Cancel Clear	
Date Time		
Security	Current Log	
Network Basic		
Network Advanced	Feb 16 08:11:21 P6210-001BFE052753 syslog.info syslogd started: BusyBox	_
Digital I/O	v1.20.2	~
LED	Feb 16 08:11:21 P6210-001BFE052753 daemon.err inetd(1140): /etc/inetd.conf: No such file or directory	111
System Log	Feb 16 08:11:23 P6210-001BFE052753 user.err PTZMANAGER: main: Unable to	
	open /proc/pvm Feb 16 08:11:40 P6210-001BFE052753 daemon.info init: starting pid 1600.	
	tty '': '/sbin/getty =L ttyS000 115200 vt100 -n root =I "Auto login as	
	Feb 16 08:11:40 P6210-001BFE052753 auth.info login(1600): root login	
	on 'ttyS000' Feb 16 08:11:58 P6210-001BFE052753 user info STREAMD:	
	rtsp://192.168.1.10:554/video.prol connect	
	Feb 16 08:12:04 P6210-001BFE052753 user_info STREAMD: rtsp://192.168.1.10:554/video.prol_disconnect	~
	[III]//172.165.1.10:554/Video.prol disconnect	_

The Network Camera features a log function for system messages. These are system messages about the camera start-up procedure, e-mail deliveries, FTP uploads, motion detection and more. The camera stores the messages in its internal memory and displays them on the system log screen. Since memory is limited, the messages will eventually be truncated. If you need to log all the system messages on a remote server (e.g., for permanent record keeping of alarm events or for troubleshooting purposes), you can utilize the remote log functionality.

Enable Remote Log:

Server Name- Type in the network address of the system log server. Enter the address without any leading characters, such as http://.

Server Port- The standard port for this protocol is 514. If your system log server is set up differently, you can change the value here.

Current Log:

This text box displays the real-time log of the camera messages. The remote log function

uses the System Log Protocol, which is a standard for forwarding log messages in an IP network. System Log is a client/server protocol. The System Log sender (the Network Camera) sends a small (less than 1KB) textual message to the System Log server.



This user manual shows one example of a System Log server, the 3CDaemon utility by 3Com Corporation (Download Location:

http://support.3com.com/software/utilities_for_windows_32_bit.htm).

After the installation of 3CDaemon, the main program window opens and the program is ready to receive System Log messages from the network camera.

The messages shown here are the same messages that are displayed in the Web browser.

le ⊻iew <u>H</u> elp				
	Time	IP Address	Msg Type	Message
TFTP Server				
FTP Server	Sep 19 09:50:32		user.info	RTSP: h264 over HTTP from 192.168.0.101
	Sep 19 09:50:19			FTP: FTP Send Success
Syslog Server	Sep 19 09:50:19		user.info	FTP: Send file to ftp://*. Strik .**: * /cameraimages/alarm20090919095017_AD.jp
	Sep 19 09:50:16		user.info	FTP: FTP Send Success
2	Sep 19 09:50:16		user.info	FTP: Send file to ftp:// R 2.54 TS. v1/cameraimages/alarm20090919095014_AD.jp
	Sep 19 09:50:15		user.info	FTP: FTP Send Success
	Sep 19 09:50:14		user.info	FTP: Send file to ftp:// Contractional States of Contract AD.jp
	Sep 19 09:49:38		user.info	RTSP: h264 over HTTP from 192.168.0.101
	Sep 19 09:49:16		user.info	SSMTP: SMTP Sending Success
510-	Sep 19 09:49:12		user.info	SSMTP: Send SMTP to: View State Web and View State SMTP: Send SMTP to: View State St
	Sep 19 09:49:11	192.168.0.115	user.info	WDT: watchdog start
	Sep 19 09:49:09	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Secondary DNS = 0.0.0.0
	Sep 19 09:49:09	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Primary DNS = 192.168.0.1
	Sep 19 09:49:09	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Gateway = 192.168.0.1
E74	Sep 19 09:49:08	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Subnet Mask = 255.255.255.0
	Sep 19 09:49:08	192.168.0.115	user.notice	NET: Host IP = 192.168.0.115
Clear list	Sep 19 09:48:28	192.168.0.115	syslog.info	SYS: log started
	Sep 19 09:48:22	local	user.info	Listening for Syslog messages on IP address: 192.168.0.101
TFTP Client	<		1	